The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

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Select Miscellany.

CAPTAIN TOM.

Nothing to eat—nothing, absolutely nothing. Not a morsel of bread, nor a cup of milk, nor a bone, nor a potato! Not a penny to buy anything with, and not a thing to sell that any one would buy!—She might as well have been upon a desert island—one where, unlike the desert island of the novels, there are no delicious wild fowl and no delicious edible roots to be had for the shooting and picking; no chest floated ashore, with carving-knives and forks and grid-irons in them; no conveniences of any kind on hand; and no suddenly-acquired faculty of knowing just where to dig for what you want bestowed upon the unshipwrecked—a desert island pure and simple, all rock and sand, and weary wash of waters, and nothing else.

Yet London is not a desert of any kind, and in the very heart of London lived Lily Vale.

She had been a singer, with a good mezzo-soprano voice, and so had earned her living; but she had never been pretty, and had never made a *furore* anywhere. Still, she had had a lover, and a true one; and they would have been married one bright midsummer-day, but that on its eve he died—dropped at her feet just as he had taken her hand in his to say adieu. Something the matter with his heart the doctors said.

No one who heard it ever forgot the scream Lily gave then. With it her voice went—she never sang again. After that she taught the piano in an humble way—bade adieu to her ambition, as she had to her love, forever! They were part of each other. The laurel-wreath she longed to win was to have been laid at his feet who trod earth no longer.

And now Lily Vane lived alone, as she had for years. She was poor as she was plain, and she was no longer young. Her little savings had been hoarded in a bank which proved to be only a swindler's trap for honest people's money. It was gone, every penny of it; and Lily had a fever and been near death's door, and so had lost her pupils.

And now the autumn had passed, winter was at hand, and she was starving.

She was a patient woman; suffering had made her so. She was proud, too, in her quiet way. It seemed easier to die than to beg; and between herself and beggary lay just one thing—the plain gold ring upon her finger—her mother's wedding ring—*that* she could not sell; but she might pawn it. What they would lend her upon the little circle of gold she did not know; nor did she know how people went about such things—but she had seen the three golden balls at the door of a dingy shop, in a wretched street hard by, and by slow degrees made up her mind to pass under them. So, as the clock struck twelve, she wrapped herself up in a shawl and hood, and slipped out.

The rain beat down upon her head.—The slush lay ankle-deep along the pavements. There were few people abroad.—One woman, with a slopping pitcher of beer in one hand, passed her; no more, until the light glowing behind the red curtain and the glimmer of the three golden balls told her she was at her destination.

The old man sat smoking beside the fire; no other customers were there. The business was soon dispatched, and the few shillings counted into Lily's hand, she was turning away when the door burst open and a jovial face was thrust in, and a loud voice, the voice of a sea-faring man used to shouting orders above the roar of wave and the dash of wind, cried:

"Hallos, messmate! am I right for the Kensington road? I've lost my bearing somehow, and don't know which way to steer."

"The first turning to the right and then straight on," said the pawn-broker, and the man, with a "Thank ye," plunged out into the dark again. A ruddy man, tall and broad of breast, with glancing jet-black eyes, and hair that clustered in a mass of ringlets about his temples. A smile too, that was all goodness. No false glitter in it, but pure gold.

Lily in the glimpse that she caught of him, saw, or thought she saw, that he had a kind heart, also that he resembled her own lost lover. A thrill went through her, half of joy, half of sorrow, and she followed him out of the dismal shop with slow steps, and began to retrace her way to her own wretched den as best she might.

She felt her heart beat as it had not for years, as his cheery voice rang out, but she stifled the feeling with a sigh.

"No good can come to me but death," she sighed, but just then stood still, filled with a vague, indefinite horror.

She had turned a corner, and was in the shadow of the blind wall of a church.—Just before her stood two men, whispering to each other.

"He has money about him; I saw him changing some in the Three Woolpacks."

"He's lost his way. There, the wrong way, by luck—just where we'll have him best."

And then, close against the wall they hurried on. Lily followed them. Beyond the light of the corner lamp, she saw the sea-faring man trudging through the mud. The next instant there was a cry, and three dark forms struggled together on the ground. Lily was a timid woman by nature; she never knew what inspired her with courage that night; but something did.

She rushed forward without a moment's hesitation, and did without thought, the best thing thinking could have told her to do.

"The policemen are coming!" she cried—"the policemen—save yourselves."

The words were not out of her mouth when one ruffian dashed away from his victim and rushed up the street, and the other, with what seemed a parting blow, followed his example.

The sea-faring man lay prostrate where they left him. Lily, bending over him, saw blood trickling from his temple.—She bound it quickly up with her handkerchief, and tried her best to raise him. Not a policeman was in sight, no other help came, but in a few moments the man lifted his head, and with Lily's help staggered to his feet.

"You are a blessed woman, whoever you are. "What made you brave enough to do that? They'd have killed me, not a doubt, and little Jennie would have cried her eyes out. You see it was two to one and a regular ambush. Well, heaven bless you. Is that your handkerchief? Tell me who you are. It's a lady's voice and a lady's hand. Tell me, won't you?"

"I'm only a poor woman," said Lily.—"If I've done you any good, I'm thankful. Are you strong. Are you strong again? You can walk, I see. You ought to have gone the other way. Good-bye."

"But stop," he cried; "I——"

But Lily hurried on.

Not until she was in her own dark room did she know that she had lost the money the pawn-broker had given her.

She crept into her poor bed, and tried to drown her hunger in sleep, but the relief came tardily. She had been terribly excited by the scene in which she had taken a part, and, moreover, the face and voice of the handsome sailor haunted her.

Jenny, who was Jenny? His wife, doubtless, his young wife, who waited somewhere for his coming. Oh, happy woman, to be so dear to any one; and lonely Lily Vane shed more of those hot tears that had mingled with the rain drops outside the pawn-broker's shop.

People do not starve so easily as they think they will, and, moreover, at the latest hour of the long hungry day, the neighboring tailor's good-natured wife sent a piece of cake and a glass of something hot to the "lonesome little body in the next room," and Lily Vane lived and found some further means of earning bread, and dragged on her lonely life somehow until the winter ice was gone and spring revisited the earth.

It was in May—she never forgot the month—that she went sadly into an office, where places were found for teachers, and teachers for places, and, hopeless of any great good coming to her, put some questions to the proprietor. Music? Yes, and no doubt she understood it very well.—But there were so many teachers. However, would she give her name and her address? If anything offered he would send her word.

"My name is Lily Vane," said Lily.

"An odd name," said the man. "How do you spell it?—Vain or Vane?'

And then a lady whom she had never seen—a plump, pretty little woman, with black curls and blacker eyes—ran forward from a seat near the stove, and, with a smile at Lily, spelt it for her.

"Right?" she asked.

Lily astonished, assented; she could do no more, for the name was not so very odd, after all.

"And if you are Lily Vane," said the lady, "and if you will come to me, there's a permanent place for you, and two good little pupils who will love you dearly. Oh, don't say no! I've been looking for you for months, and I'm so glad I've found you?"

"Some of my old pupils, I suppose?" faltered Lily.

But at that the lady shook her head.

"No matter how I know you," she said, "only come."

And Lily was glad enough to take the sugar-plum fate had dropped into her mouth, without more questions. She was too weary, too worn, even to feel great astonishment. She had been a careful teacher, and some one had recommended her, that was all.

But when Lily Vane was actually installed in her new position—governess to two docile children, their mother her kindest friend, a pretty room at her service, books, music, pictures, and pleasant company about her—she began to wonder about many things, of all, why the black-eyed lady's face was so familiar to her, when she knew she had never before seen it. What was the secret, too—a kind one, surely—that they kept from her?—Why were there so many smiles and dimples, and sly looks, especially when they spoke of Uncle Tom? Why, when certain letters came with great red seals and very strange postmarks, did the little lady catch Lily's face between her two small palms, and dance about her and say:

"Oh, Lily Vane, I'm so glad I found you?"

There was a mystery in all this, but a very pleasant one.

Lily was very happy. Her eyes grew brighter, her cheeks rounder, her lips red, and little kinks of curls, long vanished from her hair, crept into its masses again. She looked ten years younger. Sometimes, when pretty Mrs. Anderson ran into her husband's arms at his home-coming, or tossed her baby over her head, the thought of what "might have been," saddened Lily's heart a little, but very sweetly; and her one prayer was that she might never lose these kind friends who made life a new thing for her.

So summer passed and autumn and winter came, and with it one of those red-sealed letters, which black-eyed Mrs. Anderson read more merrily than usual, and then cried out that Tom was coming home; and her husband, merry as she was herself, said something in an undertone; and the children, dancing with glee, called to the cook in the kitchen that Uncle Tom was coming home; and the cook came from the depths, ladle and all, and said:

"Bless my heart! is that true?"

And the little wife and mother ended all by dancing round Lily, and singing, half-a-dozen times:

"Oh, Lily Vane, how glad I am I found you!"

"And what had that to do with Uncle Tom's coming?" Lily Vane asked herself.

Then there were no more lessons for awhile, but all were busy for the uncle's return; and Tom's room was made fine, and Uncle Tom's presents made ready, and cakes baked that Tom liked and all mixed up mysteriously with Lily Vane, who was too much puzzled to understand anything.

And so the eventful day came; and Lily with her dress on—not the pale Lily of a year before, but rosy and comely—stood before the mirror in her own room, brushing her brown hair, when down below she heard a shout: "Tom's come! Tom has come!" and a bow-wow-wow from the dog, that said as plain as the voices did, "Tom has come?" And, why, she did not know, the brush fell out of Lily's hands, and she began to tremble as before the dawning of some mystery, and not a step could she stir, but stood quite still, her heart beating fast and furious, when the door opened, and Mrs. Anderson rushed in and seized her about the waist, and pushed her and hustled her down the stairs and into the parlor, where, under the gaslight, stood a man, black-haired, black-eyed, with a sea-faring look about him, who turned and held out both hands towards her.

"It is your Lily Vane!"

And then he said, "It is my Lily Vane, and no one else!"

And Lily knew the man she had met and parted with a year before that night.

"She don't look like it, does she?" said the sailor. "A little craft like that to board the pirates and frighten them away from a great hulk like me, but she did it better than a troop of marines. And if she hadn't tied her handkerchief about my head, and if her name hadn't been on it, I'd never have known she was my Lily Vane, and you'd never have found her for me, sister Jenny."

"But I found her," said Jenny Anderson. "I found your Lily Vane, and here she is."

And in a moment more the two were alone together, Lily and Captain Tom.

"I've had that handkerchief next my heart all this while," said the captain, taking Lily's hand.

"I've said the name over and over, when only the angels heard me. I've thought of the sweet face, and the kind touch of the soft hands, until the sea seemed too wide that kept me from them; and I never have forgotten them for one moment, and never shall. I had to sail next day, but Jenny swore to me on the hymn-book—for I made her—to find Lily Vane for me, and she did. Was it for me, my dear, and may I hope that?"

And he drew Lily closer to him, and she looked away. The thoughts that had come into her heart when the black eyes first met her, crept back again. The hand he held fluttered, her lashes dropped; no girl ever blushed more brightly.

"Was it for me, Lily Vane?" asked the captain. "Is the face mine, and the dear voice, and the kind heart."

"It's not a pretty face," said Lily, "nor a young one."

"There's more than beauty in it," said the captain. "More than beauty; and I'm no boy, myself, my dear; and the heart?"

And then Lily Vane knew—knew best, because she could not answer, nor look at him, nor do anything but sob upon his bosom—that the thoughts, the black eyes, and merry smiles had been strengthened by the long, long talks about Uncle Tom, and Brother Tom, and Mr. Tom; and that in all the world there was no one so dear to her as that same Captain Tom.

"And the heart is mine?" asked Captain Tom; and by way of answer she let him fold her to his own.

So the wedding-bells soon rang out a merry chime; and she who one year before had starved, body and heart alike, was the happiest woman the sun shone on.

And little Jenny Anderson danced in her wedding finery about her great sailor brother and about his bride, and cried to one and to the other, "Oh, I'm so glad I found you, Lily Vane!"

And the children prattled it, and their father smiled at it; and the cook, without her ladle, and in her best bonnet, approved of it; and Lion, the great dog, barked in his ecstacy until he frightened the kitten up the chimney, and said with voice and tail as plainly as dog might:

"Oh, I'm so glad you've found your Lily Vane!"

"Every door is barred with gold," sings the Laureate, but in this country it can be stated as a matter of fact, independent of poetic aid, that every house is built of gold. It is estimated by rigid and careful analysis that every medium sized brick house has in its brick material about sixty dollars in gold which cannot be extracted, as science, so far, has not suggested a cheap method whereby the precious grains may be separated. So too, eminent chemists have demonstrated that silver abounds largely in the waters of the ocean, which might be utilized if means could be discovered to separate the metal from the liquid element. By elaborate and carefully conducted measurement, it is calculated by Field that, in the ocean there are absolutely not less than 2,000,000 tons, or 4,000,000,000 pounds of silver, worth $100,000,000,000.

SOME THINGS YOU WILL NOT BE SORRY FOR.—For hearing before judging.
For thinking before speaking.
For holding an angry tongue.
For stopping the ear of a tattler.
For refusing to kick a fallen man.
For being kind to the distressed.
For being patient to all.
For doing good to all men.
For walking uprightly before God.
For lending to the Lord.
For laying up treasure in heaven.
For asking pardon for wrongs.
For speaking evil of no man.
For being courteous to all.

A man, long supposed to be dead, turned up in St. Paul, Minnesota, the other day, just at the time he was'nt wanted. Several years ago he married and then deserted his wife, who, after a lapse of time, married again, believing him to be dead. Her second husband died, and just as she was about to administer to his estate, the first husband returned. She gets none of the property, and naturally is very much disgusted.

News Items.

GENERAL NEWS.

Mr. Brinkerhoff, a leading Republican of Ohio, has published a letter over his own signature, denouncing Gen. Grant, and assigning his reasons for opposing his renomination. He says that Grant cannot be elected against a prudent Democratic nomination, for instance, "such a man as Salmon P. Chase, or John Quincy Adams, or B. Gratz Brown, or Wm. S. Groesbeck, with a Vice President and platform to correspond." He declared that, when Grant was first nominated, he was a choice of evils, and the Republicans took him rather than let the Democrats have him; and Grant, at that time, would have accepted a nomination from either party.

There is fearful political excitement in New Mexico. On the 27th ult., both parties armed themselves, and a bloody battle took place at La Mesilla. It lasted over an hour, seven persons being killed and some thirty wounded, of whom seven or eight were mortally hurt. As soon as the firing commenced, men, women and children hurried to their houses, but the fight was kept up from the windows and house-tops, the dead and wounded dropping all around. The Hon. John Lemen, candidate for judge, was the first killed. The rest of the killed and wounded are mostly Mexicans.

A negro tied a white orphan boy, thirteen years old, to a tree in the woods in Chesterfield county, Va., on Wednesday afternoon of last week, and then whipped the little fellow upon the bare back until the blood came. He then went away, leaving his victim tied to the tree, and did not return to release him until Friday noon. He then turned him loose, threatening to kill him if he exposed the affair. Nearly all the time the boy was tied to the tree, two days and two nights, a violent storm was raging. Search is being made for the negro, and if caught, he will fall into pitiless hands.

There is a revolution going on in San Domingo, the object of which is to overthrow Baez. Cabral, the leader of the revolutionists, has established a provisional government at Las Matas, and his forces are said to be well organized. While these two colored chieftains are quarrelling over the control of the government, Grant has ordered one of our United States war vessels to cruise around and help Baez. He has no right thus to interfere, and his action in the premises will furnish Senator Sumner with a new and powerful club with which to knock the obstinate President over the head.

A Kentucky man, in attempting to cross the high railroad bridge at Shepardsville, in that State, on the 24th ult., stumbled and fell between the ties, but fortunately managed to grasp a tie with his hands, and there hung dangling one hundred feet in the air. He hung on with a death grip until his cries brought assistance. Lifted from his perilous position, he was led off the bridge, and then sat down quite overcome with the danger he had escaped. Then he arose to go home, as he said, and after walking a few steps, he fell dead. The fright he had gone through had killed him.

The Conservative State Convention of Virginia assembled in Richmond on the 30th ult., and organized with Hon. Thomas S. Bocock, President. Delegates from colored Conservative associations were admitted and applauded. A motion to admit Governor Walker to the privileges of the floor was opposed on the ground that it gave appearance of official influence to the deliberations. President Bocock made a speech counseling the burial of dead issues. [Pshaw! Virginia did that two years ago.]

On the 20th ult., as Mrs. George Harmelin was washing clothing on the bank of the Grand Marais canal, Louisiana, an immense alligator slipped out of the swamp, and seizing her by the arm, endeavored to drag her into the water. The woman fought desperately, but the alligator finally caught her by the head and inflicted serious wounds. She, however, fought him off, though she cannot tell how she did it. She is terribly mangled, and presents a pitiable spectacle.

John Joscher, of Dutchess county, N. Y., is charged with running off with the wife of a Mr. Decker. Several nights since, a mob of unknown men surrounded Joscher's house, broke into it, found him behind the chimney, and dragged him out. They then stripped him and threw a bag over his head. Next, they smeared his body with tar, emptied a bag of feathers over him and fled. This is *not* a Ku-Klux outrage, because it took place at the North.

It is believed in many parts of Europe that when the cholera is about to spread westward it is preceded by the Wandering Jew. Eugene Sue's celebrated romance is partially founded upon this superstition. It is now said that the wandering Jew has been seen the past year in several parts of Europe, and there is a curious story current that he was seen and spoken to in the vicinity of Antwerp last spring. The ignorant populace believe this as firmly as they believe in Holy Writ.

Theodore Tilton, the ism-atic editor of the *Golden Age*, thus describes the model newspaper man and wide-awake journalist of the present day: "He has only to stick to his professional work like a tiger, believe everything he says, keep out of the Legislature and other temptations, and he will make a capital newspaper man. And, as the poet says, (or ought to have said,) a newspaper man is the noblest work of God."

New Mexico elected a delegate to Congress on Monday last. In 1869, the last election, Chaves, the Republican candidate, was elected by 1,821 majority in a total vote of 14,367. These territorial elections do not amount to much, besides which they are managed by the officials appointed by the administration, and are, in reality, not a fair expression of the popular will.

Fresh disturbances have occurred between the people of Strasburg and the German troops, and several on both sides have been wounded.

During a thunder storm on the night of the 29th ult., the barn of Mr. John Sutton, in Sussex county, N. J., was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. After the fire search was made among the ruins, and the blackened bodies of two men were dragged out. At first, no one could identify them, but it was subsequently learned that two "tramps" had taken lodging in the barn an hour before it was destroyed.

A large fire broke out in Rahway, N. J., on the 3rd inst., which destroyed an immense carriage factory, a steam sash and blind factory, a hub factory, and a number of other buildings. Nearly one hundred men are thrown out of employment. The body of one unknown man was found in the ruins. Total loss about $140,000. As usual, the dispatches say that from the scarcity of water, the efforts of the firemen were unavailing.

The steamship *Java*, which arrived at New York on the 31st ult., reports that on the night of the 25th ult., she ran down the Norwegian bark "*Anita*," cutting the latter in two and immediately sinking her. Twelve persons were on board the *Anita*, all of whom were lost except one who was picked up by the boats which the *Java* immediately lowered. The night was pitch dark, and the ill-fated vessel had no headlights burning.

On the night of the 29th ult., a man named Englebrecht, living in Alameda, California, found his wife's former suitor, one Patton, in his back yard. Both drew pistols and commenced firing at each other. In a few seconds Englebrecht fell mortally wounded, and Patton dragged himself away with three bullets in his body. He was subsequently arrested and taken to jail. This is California life.

A funeral procession in Massachusetts, some days since, on reaching the cemetery, found the undertaker and his assistants too drunk to attend to their duties. The grave digger was found lying in a drunken stupor at the bottom of the newly-dug grave, and had to be hoisted out by the mourners before the coffin could be lowered. Rich scene, was'nt it?

A hardworking but poor German farmer in Livingston county, Missouri, whose farm was advertised for sale for debt and taxes, in spite of all his industry and economy, still plowed and toiled, and a few day ago plowed up a box containing over $1,700 in gold. No one has appeared to claim the money, and it is supposed it was buried during the war by some person now dead.

John Rogers, Cashier of the Pejepscot National Bank, Maine, has been discovered to be a defaulter to the amount of $30,000. He had kept a double set of books for ten years past, and thus managed to cover up his peculations. Rogers is one of the trustees of Bowdoin College, and was considered one of the most pious men in the community where he lived.

The full official returns of the Kentucky election gave the vote of that State for Governor as follows: Leslie, Democrat, 126,497; Harlan, Republican, 89,323. Democratic majority, 37,174. The Republican vote comprises about 50,000 negro votes, and it will thus be seen that the white radicals are in a very small minority.

On the 31st ult., Daniel S. Miller, a clerk in a drug store in Baltimore, being accused of appropriating a customer's pocket-book which had been inadvertantly left upon the counter, dangerously shot the policeman who was about to arrest him, and then blew his own brains out in the presence of a crowd of horrified citizens.

A canal-boat was run into on the Raritan river, N. J., on the 22nd ult., by a steam propellor, and sunk in a few minutes. She had a family of four persons on board—a father, his two sons and one daughter,—all of whom were drowned. No attempt was made to rescue them by the captain of the propellor, who has been arrested and put under heavy bonds.

The grasshoppers have played the mischief in Maine this year. The damage is estimated at millions of dollars. There are many square miles of territory where not a bushel of grain will be made, and hundreds of farmers, who, four weeks ago, counted upon having at least an average crop of corn, will hardly get an ear.

Mr. B. F. Schermerhorn offered the closing prayer in the German Reformed Church at Schenectady, N. Y., on Sunday night week, and upon uttering the "amen" he sank down into his seat and died. This sudden occurrence created great excitement in the congregation, and all left seriously impressed with the event.

A German woman was brutally assailed and maltreated a few nights since, by a negro, in the streets of Washington city. The fellow knocked her down and stuck his fingers in both her eyes, bursting them open. Permanent blindness must inevitably ensue. She was terribly cut and bruised. No robbery was committed, and the purpose of her assailant can only be surmised.

A fire in Richmond, Maine, on the 3rd inst., totally destroyed thirteen buildings and stores. Thirty buildings were on fire at one time. Once the men were obliged to leave the engines to protect their own property, and their places were filled by ladies who worked the engines for over an hour. Loss about $20,000.

The great Iron and Nail Mills, at Wheeling, Va., the largest in the West, was destroyed by fire on the 3rd inst. It contained ninety-six nail machines, and all the necessary rolls and furnaces for manufacturing nails. Everything was destroyed. Fully 300 men are thrown out of employment. Loss about $300,000.

A Miss Carolina Heenan is now exhibiting in London, as the largest woman known in the world. She is 22 years of age, weighs 560 pounds, measures 7 feet around the body, 26 inches around the arm and 3 feet 6 inches across the shoulders. This woman is not so fat as she is muscular, and she can sustain great physical exertion.

Two emigrant cars ran off the track at Detroit, Michigan, on the 2nd inst. An unknown woman had her neck broken and seventeen other persons were injured.

The archives of the State Railroad of Georgia were turned over on the 30th ult., to a committee of citizens. This action was the result of a series of prosecutions recently commenced, during which the late Auditor, Treasurer, General Ticket Agent, Master Mechanic, and several others have been held to bail to answer for frauds on the Treasury. The railroad is the exclusive property of the State, but for the past few years has been managed exclusively by the radical party of Georgia. All their villainy and wholesale robbery is now coming to light.

Several hundred negroes, who had collected around the jail in Danville, Kentucky, on the 29th ult., to protect a prisoner charged with arson from being taken out and lynched, became panic-stricken during the night. They rushed pell mell into the streets, firing guns and pistols, and wounded a number of their own crowd.

A duel was fought on Long Island, N. Y., on the 1st inst., between two Italians, Gen. Fardeli, of the U. S. army, and Signor L. Canzi. The weapons used were sabres. Fardeli received a severe wound in the shoulder, and the combat then ended.

A conflagration occurred at Meridian, Mississippi, on the 2nd inst., which destroyed a block of buildings. The loss was $100,000 with very little insurance. As usual, lack of water and other facilities for extinguishing the flames, caused this immense loss.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says that "a radical ex-Senator has made his wife a present of a house and grounds worth $300,000. He thinks if he had remained in the Senate six months longer he could easily have run the thing up to half a million."

Governor Warmouth of Louisiana, has suspended from office George E. Bovee, the Secretary of State, and appointed J. F. Herron. Bovee is charged with promulgating as law that which he knew was not law. He refused to obey the order of suspension, and was ousted by the police.

The families of the Bonapartes and the Websters are to be united. On the 11th inst., Col. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, of Baltimore, grand nephew of the great Napoleon, is to marry a grand daughter of Daniel Webster. Both are immensely wealthy.

The fourth floor of a large grain warehouse in Louisville, Ky., fell in on the 30th ult., killing one white and two colored men. The building was crushed in to the cellar. Two prominent merchants were blown into the street by the concussion.

The cholera has made its appearance at Hamburg. There have been sixteen deaths at Altona for the week ending 30th ult. It continues its ravages at Konigsberg; on the 27th ult., there were 100 new cases and 29 deaths; on the 28th, 80 new cases and 30 deaths.

The Italian government has ordered the release of seven brigands who have been in prison 47 years. They originally numbered thirty six, and 29 have died in prison. The survivors are now aged, gray haired men, and nearly all have retired into religious communities.

A servant in the Maxwell House, Nashville, Tenn., ran up five flights of stairs with an ice-pitcher in his hand on one of the warm days some weeks back, and as he reached the top landing, he fell dead with a ruptured heart.

A New Orleans man, while sitting over a charcoal fire frying some fish, was overcome by the fumes of the charcoal, and fell with his face in the pan. When found, he was dead, and his face fried to a crisp.

The anniversary of the surrender of the Emperor Napoleon and the French army at Sedan, was celebrated throughout Germany on the 2nd inst., by festivities of a patriotic character.

Isaac Rosenzweig, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Erie, Penna., has been convicted of selling forged and fraudulent tickets for passage over the Erie Railroad. What will some people not do to add to their gains?

Two negroes and one white man were hanged at Caseyville, Kentucky, by a mob, on the 1st inst., for brutally outraging a white woman in that place.

A party of travellers passed through Braintree, Geo., some days ago, mounted on four-wheeled velocipedes. They were going to Columbia, Alabama, at an average speed of forty miles a day.

Gov. Geary, of Pennsylvania, has issued a criminal requisition for Evans, the radical State agent, who is said to have robbed the State of about $300,000, and is now fled.

It is stated that five hundred immigrants from Portugal will shortly arrive in Virginia, to occupy a tract of 10,000 acres of land, about twenty-five miles below Richmond.

A tornado passed over Labette county, Kansas, on the night of the 27th ult., demolishing two houses, and moving several others. A Mr. Scott and his daughter were killed.

President Grant has given currency to a story, now going the rounds of the press that he was a printer in his earlier days. Bah! he is only trying to bolster up his dwindling reputation.

The remains of a mammoth, or mastodon were found near Jamestown, N Y., on the 26th ult. The animal is supposed to have been twelve to fifteen feet in height, and from eighteen to twenty feet in length.

A Japanese deer, two years old, only seven inches high, nine inches in length, and in perfect health, is one of the present attractions of Boston.

James Legg & Co's celebrated woollen mills at Providence, R. I., were burned on the night of the 3rd inst. Loss $100,000. The watchman perished in the flames.

The National Bank of Newark, N. J., has been robbed of $3,000 in fractional currency, by a colored woman who was employed to sweep the office.

The police and populace of Rome have had a conflict in which one person was killed and two wounded.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.

Apologetic.

For the past eight or ten days we have been suffering severely from chills and fever, and have been in no proper condition to attend to our editorial duties. We promised our friends an article on the duty of the Legislature in regard to inaugurating Constitutional reform; but a man cannot conveniently freeze, shake, burn, sweat and growl, and write calmly considered and clearly worded essays on Constitutional Amendments at the same time. At least he does not feel as if he could.—So our friends will have to excuse us till we get better—a consummation we are looking for if there is any faith to be put in quinine and its kindred drugs, taken in all sorts of doses, from a pound up to a bushel.

The great demand of the people of this country, irrespective of party associations, is for a square departure from the convulsions of war to the calm, conservative measures of peace; from the violence and usurpations of military power to the entire supremacy of civil authority; from oppressive tax and tariff laws and needless tax-gatherers to sufficient revenues, honestly and economically administered, to maintain the public credit and meet the legitimate expenses of the government; from the logic of bayonets and force-laws in elections to an honest appeal to the integrity and intelligence of an untrammeled people; in short an entire and absolute departure from the irritating and oppressive dregs of war to all the attributes of peace. This is the great want of the country, and while the pseudo-republican party is closing its ears to the popular demand, the Conservative Democracy are advancing to meet it. And this is why we feel so confident that the reign of discord, oppression, venality and prodigality, is drawing to an end.

If the Republican party is administering the government in a constitutional manner, why is it that the Republican Senator Trumbull declaims against the centralization tendencies of the administration? Why is it that the Republican Senator Tipton denounces the Ku Klux law as a monstrous abortion, for which no warrant can be found in the Constitution? Why is it that the Republican Senator Sumner assails the President for going outside the Constitution to compass his plans against San Domingo? And, finally, why is it that the noble Republican Senator Schurz demands a *return* to constitutional government? These are questions which we would like some of our Republican cotemporaries to answer. They dare not answer them, for they *know* that these Republican Senators are right in their charges against the administration leaders of their corrupt party.

We agree with the Charlotte *Democrat* that the salary attached to the office of Adjutant General ought by the next Legislature to be abolished. It is a useless expense to the people. The *Democrat*, also, thinks that the office of State Geologist should be dispensed with as useless, and many people concur in the opinion. We do not think that the State or people have derived any great benefit by reason of this office. The discovery of minerals and metals in the State were made outside of it.—*Statesville American.*

We want men who profess to be Conservatives to practice what they preached in favor of economy and reform when they were candidates. We are pleased that a good Conservative paper like the Statesville *American* favors the abolishment of salaries for useless offices. When the Legislature re-assembles in November, if the Conservative members do not inaugurate reform in public expenditures and the abolishment of useless officers' salaries, they will endanger the success of those who are opposed to the rule of Radical Republicans. As a tax-payer, and in behalf of tax-payers, we demand that the reform and economy promised the people shall be granted when the Legislature again meets.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

Our views upon this subject have been so frequently expressed that we think it almost needless to say that we approve of every word uttered by the *American* and *Democrat*. If the Legislature does not reform and retrench in every possible way, and thus show the people that it has the fulfilment of its promises at heart, we are afraid that we shall have a weary up-hill work of it next summer.

Lease of the N. C. Railroad.

The *Era* learns from a circular signed by Maj. W. A. Smith, President of the North Carolina Railroad Company, that the Directors of the Company, leased to the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, on Monday last, the North Carolina Railroad for thirty years, for six and one-half per cent. on the capital stock of the Company, or two hundred and sixty thousand dollars per annum, payable semi-annually, with the amplest guarantees for the certain and prompt payment of the rent, and the proper maintenance, preservation and operation of the line.

If Gen. Grant, for selfish purposes, should carry out the recommendations of his advisers, and declare martial law over the portions of South Carolina designated by them, the record of political depravity will gain an entry as black as any it already bears.

On the 13th inst., ex-Gov. Holden took editorial charge of the Washington *Chronicle*, the organ of Gen. Grant's administration. It is painfully evident, notwithstanding the denial of the radicals, that they sustain and defend Holden in all the infamies for which he was tried, convicted and punished in this State.

The President, in attempting to compass his renomination by intimidation and force, as shown in the recent scandalous affair at New Orleans, and, still later, in preparing to put the infamous martial-law bill of Congress into operation in certain portions of the South, has inflicted upon his prospects one of the most grievous wounds they have yet received. It is patent to all close observers that this is an age of rapid decay for all kinds of despotic authority. The king is no longer hedged in by a divinity which is respected as such, and the brutal axiom that "might makes right" is losing its significance.—The man who attempts to rule by virtue of the bayonet cannot long sustain himself, but will be compelled to succumb to a popular sentiment that is more powerful than all his bayonets. In the prevailing spirit of such a government as ours was intended to be by its illustrious founders, there is no room for an imperious individuality to manifest itself successfully for any length of time, and this is the truth that President Grant will yet be forced, in spite of himself, to acknowledge. Let him marshal his troops and distribute his Gatling guns, declare martial law over free-born communities, and play such fantastic tricks as military fools delight in, and he will learn ere long a lesson that will be written down upon our records, and perhaps be beneficial to the Presidents who shall come after him.

It seems that New Hampshire is not as we stated a few weeks ago, the first or only State in which laws providing for compulsory education have been passed. This very month, an act to the same effect, passed at the last session of the Legislature, goes into effect in Michigan. In California, the Republican party was pledged to the same course in case of its success in the election on the 5th inst. In Texas similar legislation is soon to be put in force; and here in our own State of North Carolina the same measures can be adopted as soon as we have a Legislature that sees proper to do so. Section 17, Article IX, of our present State Constitution says: "The General Assembly is hereby empowered to enact that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability, SHALL attend the Public Schools during the period between the ages of six and eighteen years, for a term of not less than sixteen months, unless educated by other means." We have capitalized the mandatory word. Our people have been compelled to do so many things the past five or six years before they were quite ready to do them, that compulsion is not in very good odor with the majority just now; and it is hardly probable that a popular Legislature will, for some time yet, at least, undertake to assert the power vested in that body by the above quoted constitutional provision. Education is an excellent thing, provided it is of the proper kind. We are its earnest advocate, believing that knowledge is power, and that true advancement can repose only upon education, but at the same time we frankly declare that nobody likes to be kicked into it or have it kicked into him. Man is perhaps the most obstinate of all created beings, and whenever "shall" is said to him, is very apt to reply with a decisive "shan't," no matter how beneficial to him may be the result of an acquiescence.—This has been human nature ever since the days of our mother Eve, who, in her own person, gave a vivid example of the peculiarity, and it will be human nature until the days of that "Last Man" of whom the poet Campbell has sung so sweetly and grandly.

"What a high and noble duty it is," says the Richmond *Dispatch*, "for statesmen and their constituents to devote themselves to the task of reforming the Government, of changing the policy which is alienating the sections and ruining the public peace, and substituting for it measures of wisdom, equality and justice, that will obliterate distrust, restore harmony, and bring all parts of the Union into kind and fraternal relations." This will promote the dignity and power of the nation, which so entirely depends for its strength and prosperity upon the union and contentment of the people. This is the sole aim for which the Conservative Democratic party of the country is striving, and to which our leaders have consecrated their efforts. Will not *all* the people assist in this noble work, or must we strive in vain?

General amnesty would be regarded by all the truly patriotic people North and South as a "bow in the clouds"—as a harbinger of perfect and lasting peace. Why is it, then, that in nearly every Republican State platform constructed this year, it has been studiously ignored, or so trammeled with provisos as to render its assertion worthless? It is because the Republican leaders know full well that a perfect and lasting peace would be their ruin.—They thrive by keeping alive the embers of discord, and wax fat upon the confusion they create.

At the last Warren court, Judge Watts sentenced Geo. W. Harris, a white man, for two years to the penitentiary for stealing fifty cents worth of tobacco. He sentenced Gillis Burns, a negro, for the same term for stealing a bushel of corn. At the close of the term he commuted the negro's sentence but not the white man's. The negro is imprisoned in the county jail for four months, while the white man is sent to the penitentiary. This is cheating the State out of two years labor, besides taxing the people of Warren to feed a roguish negro in idleness.

Maine was carried by the Republicans on the 11th inst. Their majority is about the same as it was last year. The Democrats, however, have made some gains in the Legislature.

A camp meeting will commence at Pleasant Garden, Guilford County, on Friday evening before the fourth Sunday in this month.

LOCAL ITEMS.

A COMPLIMENT PLEASANTLY CONCEIVED AND BEAUTIFULLY RENDERED.—The complimentary "Bridal Serenade" given on Monday evening last to the worthy President of the Salem Female Academy and his accomplished bride, besides being a complete success, was one of those rare occurrences which deserve more than a mere passing notice from our pen. The programme had been artistically arranged, and possessed the rare merit of originality in its words and music. To say that the pupils of the Academy sang well, would be according them but a commonplace merit, and this would be less than their desert; were we to strengthen our language so as to approximate the truth, we might be accused by the incredulous of too great a fondness for hyperbole.—The young ladies certainly entered into the spirit of the occasion with all the enthusiasm of the youthful temperament, and contributed mainly to its success. The Music Society and the Brass Band surpassed themselves, and among them all, there was a storm of vocal and instrumental music, whose dulcet strains will linger long in the ears of those who heard them. A spectator and listener tells us that the performance throughout, from the Wedding Festival March to the Epithalamium, thence to the beautiful psalm of Content, and finally to the Wedding Prayer, interspersed with various gems of instrumental music, excelled anything of the kind he had ever heard, the voices of the young ladies especially being natural, distinct, and full of musical volume. We know that the President and his lady must have warmly appreciated the good-will expressed by the pupils of the Academy, and they will feel, if possible, a stronger desire to do their best for those who have been placed under their care.

The whole affair was under the direction of Prof. E. W. Lineback, who has, for a number of years, filled the Chair of Music in the Academy with signal ability and success.

It gratifies us to be able to add that the Session just opened bids fair to be a prosperous one.

New Advertisements.

Real Estate Sale—the late Samuel Shultz' house and lots.

Court Advertisement—Davidson County.

Farmer's and Planter's Almanac.

Concert at Music Hall, on Saturday, the 16th, at 7½ o'clock.

The following are the names of the jurors summoned from Forsyth and Davidson counties, for the present special term of the U. S. District Court, now sitting in Raleigh:

FORSYTH.—John H. Stipe, Joseph Phillips, Archibald Sink, Benjamin Frazier, William Lowery, John Waggaman, Jesse F. Grubbs, T. Chitty.

DAVIDSON.—Spencer Mulican, B. T. Beckerdite, James Smith, Rev. Jos. Miller, Jos. Motsinger.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Mr. Charles Fogle, while standing near his planing machine a few days since, was struck near the eye by a splinter from a board, the extent of the injury not yet being ascertained, on account of the swelling at the wound.

REVIVAL.—There is an interesting revival of religion going on in the Moravian Church in Bethania, (Rev. C. L. Rights'.) Quite a number have professed to have found peace, and others are still earnestly seeking the same.

Lutheran Synod of North Carolina.

This ecclesiastical body met week before last in Pilgrim Church, Davidson County, N. C. All the clerical members were present except one. Rev. Prof. W. E. Hulbert, from the S. W. Va. Synod was received as a member of this Synod. Among the business of special note transacted, was the following:

The "Basis of Union" between the N. C. and Tennessee Synods, agreed upon by the respective committees from these bodies, was *unanimously* adopted by the Synod, and the hope was expressed that the Tennessee Synod would also ratify said basis at its next meeting, and the union consummated. Another item of importance was the following:

Resolved, That we dissolve our connection with "*The Evangelical Lutheran General Synod in North Carolina.*" This resolution was passed with but one dissenting vote. The main reason urged in favor to this dissolution were the un-Lutheran tendencies of said body, and its inefficiency.

Rev. Prof. L. A. Bikle was appointed Cor. Delegate to Tennessee Synod; Rev. J. D. Bowles to South Carolina Synod, and Rev. J. G. Neifler to Pennsylvania Synod.

The officers of Synod for the ensuing year are

Rev. S. Rothrock, of Rowan, President.
Rev. J. G. Neifler, of Salisbury, Recording Secretary.
Rev. N. Aldrich, of Charlotte, Cor. Sec.
Dr. Paul A. Sifford, of Rowan, Treas.

The next meeting of this body will be held in Organ church, on Wednesday before the fourth Sunday in August 1872.

Two negroes, named John Taylor and Miles Freeman, were arrested in Wilmington on Sunday last on the charge of having set fire to the Exchange Hotel in Goldsboro, and caused the disastrous conflagration in that town some weeks ago. The accused were servants in the Hotel at the time of the fire. The arrest was made by officer Jones of Goldsboro, upon a warrant issued by Judge Russell, but the credit of discovering the criminals is due to two New York detectives, who reached Wilmington on Friday last. They assumed the role of radical carpet-baggers, associated with negroes, drank with them, smoked with them, footing all the bills, and, as the sequel shows, secured their confidence completely. Finally, the two negroes who have been arrested, confidentially informed their new-made friends that they had poured kerosene on the floors of vacant rooms, and set fire thereto. Further developments are looked for, implicating other parties.

The election in California on the 5th inst., resulted in favor of the Republicans, whose majority is about 6,000. Three Republican Congressmen elected, which is a Democratic loss of two.

Constitutional Reform.

Editors Patriot:

As a friend of *Constitutional reform*, I respectfully ask a small space in your able paper, to express briefly, and without elaboration my views on this absorbing question;—a question of the most vital interest to the whole people of our beloved old Commonwealth. The State must be saved, if possible, from financial ruin; from the intolerable burden of enormous taxes, and from other insupportable oppressions, fastened upon it by the present Constitution. And I hold, that every true Carolinian, who loves his State and his home, of whatever party affiliation, with patriotic resolve, ought to unite, heart and hand, with all those who are determined to avert this impending ruin of her people.

The proposition that the people call a Convention, has been voted down, but its defeat cannot be understood as an approval of our present ill-advised and badly constructed Constitution. The question of Convention was, unfortunately, complicated with several false and extraneous side issues, which caused its failure. Nor is the result a party triumph, or a test of party strength, though interested politicians may absurdly claim it as such. A sufficient proof of the contrary is found in the fact that while in this Congressional District, Convention is defeated by *one hundred and two votes*, the Conservatives elect *eleven* out of the *sixteen* Delegates.

Constitutional doubts, by many who did not examine the question,—apprehensions of disturbing the *Homestead*,—the colored people's fear of *loss of Suffrage*,—and dread of threatened *Federal bayonets*;—these false issues defeated the Convention, as every body knows, who know anything; and not the intrinsic merits, or true issues of the question.

So that the true meaning of the recent vote is, that the people wish a reform of the Organic Law brought about by methods absolutely free from all risks of public disturbance or internal convulsion. No doubt the proposed Convention would have been a perfectly safe method, but the contrary, as above alluded to, was industriously proclaimed by demagogues and office-holders, in high and low places and had its effect upon the people, to whom the trials and misfortunes of the last decade have taught extraordinary caution, approaching even timidity. A knowledge of this peculiarly sensitive condition of the public mind at this time, caused myself and others, who earnestly desired a Convention, to doubt the expediency of attempting to call one upon the plan proposed, and I therefore as early as last winter, when the Bill was before the General Assembly, urged the Legislative mode, as the only expedient one in the present condition of the country and of parties. That body thought differently; but as this was a matter of difference of opinion on a question of *policy only*, and not of *principle*, I and others who thought with me, supported the proposition heartily without, as I conceive, the least inconsistency.

But, (for the reasons given,) it has been lost and the result only shows that the party of Constitutional Reform, in the carrying out of its ideas, must take into account the cautious and truly conservative state of public feeling. We must persist in our efforts to reform the Constitution, because we believe an overwhelming majority of the people of the State desire it, as essential to their prosperity; but we must do so by means which not even political tricksters, nor dextrous demagogues can decry as dangerous, though they may be much more tedious and less thorough than a Convention would have been. In short, we must now concentrate all our energies upon the work of amending and improving the Constitution by the *Legislative Enactment plan.*

Success by this plan is perfectly certain, provided we proceed with caution and moderation, prudence and patience.

Let the General Assembly, immediately on assembling, propose a *scheme* of Amendments, embracing only such as are most essential and undoubtedly desired by a large majority of the people. For let it be remembered, that two-thirds of the Assembly next to be elected will have to concur in the same proposition, and therefore it would be altogether futile to include among the projected amendments any that is not overwhelmingly popular. It will be no time, nor proper occasion for riders of hobbies, for theorists, for extremists, or rash counsellors to intrude their pet ideas, favorite fancies, or ultra principles. Let nothing be proposed that will not add to the strength of the entire *scheme.* Many desirable and useful things must be left out, because they may be debateable and uncertain of popular approval as suffrage is constituted, and might cause the defeat of the entire proposition, as a whole.

The following, in my opinion, are the points most necessary to be included in the proposition, and all, which it would be judicious and wise to propose at present:

1. Strike out of the Constitution every thing relating to the *Public Debt*, and leave that whole question within the control of the Legislature.

2. Abolish the Township system and government, and restore the County Courts in their main features as the justest and cheapest method of administering County affairs.

3. Provide for *three* Supreme, and *eight* Superior Court Judges, after the expiration of their terms respectively, or as their offices become vacant—paying the Superior Court Judges an annual salary of $2,000, and have them to *alternate*; and elect them as at present by the qualified voters of the State.

4. Provide for *biennial* sessions of the General Assembly, and fix *per diem* at *three dollars* and mileage ten cents.

5. Strike out the provision requiring a State census in 1875 and every ten years thereafter.

6. Abolish the provisions relating to the Code Commission, and requiring a Code of Civil Procedure.

7. Provide for biennial term of office of Governor and other Executive officers, and fix the salary of Governor at $3,000 annually.

8. Abolish the office of Superintendent of Public Works.

9. Remodel our present wretched system of Public Instruction, so as to make it less expensive, and more beneficial to the children of both races.

Here are nine specifications of amendments, all of which are very important, indeed absolutely necessary in the administration of the Government of the State, for the interest and prosperity of her people; and they will therefore meet with the hearty approval of a vast majority.—And with the Constitution, thus amended, followed up by wise and judicious legislation in the future, our dear old Commonwealth—dear to every true son of her soil,—"redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled" will again proudly take her place in the front rank of the great sisterhood, and go forward to a grand destiny.

I sincerely hope the Legislature will frame a general proposition embracing the foregoing ideas. We can carry all these amendments. Each one separate is not only right but very popular, and all together are immensely so. I trust this will not be made a party question, but that the Republican party will unite with us in this great movement of reform; but should they determine to oppose these salutary and essential amendments, we have but to make them our *platform*, and standing upon it, we can overwhelm all opposition in this State next year. I think I know something of the sentiments and opinions, as well as the wants of the great mass of the people in this part of the State, and as such, I feel quite sure I represent them in what I have said, and I feel equally sure that the road to certain triumph lies along this line, if we do not hazard success by attempting doubtful measures.

LEXINGTON.

Aug. 24th, 1871.

The late Difficulty at Salisbury.

HON. LEWIS HANES:—*Dear Sir:* A perverted and untruthful account of the personal conflict at the Depot in Salisbury has found its way into several of the newspapers of the State. This statement does me such gross injustice personally, and is so well calculated to impair public confidence in, and destroy my usefulness as a judicial officer, that I feel imperatively called upon to correct it by publishing a true statement of the facts, so far as they affect myself.

On Sunday morning, the 20th of August, about 9 o'clock, I left the Boyden House for the Depot. The omnibus was standing at the door, but I told the driver I would walk as far as the Post office, if he would stop there for me. I left the hotel in company with Mr. Starbuck, who walked with me, and in a very few minutes after we reached the Post-office the omnibus was there with four persons in it. These were Mr. Larkins and Mr. Mitchell whom I knew, and Wilson and Beard whom I did not know. I then entered the omnibus with Mr. Starbuck. I was entirely ignorant of any difficulty or bad feeling between any of the parties, nor had I any reason to suspect anything of the kind. Neither had Mr. Larkins as he assures me. I do not remember a word spoken by any of the company until within a few yards of the platform at the Depot, when my attention was attracted by words addressed by Wilson to some one in rather a low tone of voice. Looking round I found they were addressed to Starbuck, and immediately the tone and language of Wilson changed. He charged Starbuck with having promised to render him satisfaction, or give him a certificate about some matter which was not explained. By this time the Omnibus had reached, and I think, backed up to the platform. Wilson, with profane language, charged Starbuck with having treated him badly and told him a falsehood, continuing to denounce him with further use of profane language. Starbuck retorted with severity, calling Wilson a liar or a rascal, I do not remember which. Wilson then moved towards Starbuck and made an effort to strike him. They were in the end of the Omnibus farthest from me, and the other persons were between us, so that I did not see the result of Wilson's effort to strike. I arose and asked, "What does this mean?" and added, "Gentlemen, help to part these men." Upon this Beard instantly seized me by the neck and collar and with great strength pressed me down on the seat—the same I think I had occupied—declaring with an oath that I should not interfere with his friend. Mr. Larkins, who up to this time, had done nothing, entreated Beard to desist. He did not heed Mr. Larkins' entreaties, but continued to press me down violently. Mr. Larkins then seized Beard, and with the aid of Mr. Wiley, whom I then first saw, succeeded in releasing me from the grasp of Beard. Beard, still in the Omnibus turned with great fury, and seemingly with intensor passion, upon Mr. Larkins, hurling him with such violence from the Omnibus that he fell to the ground. Beard at the same instant followed him, and commenced kicking and stamping him, and dealing him heavy blows on the head and side. Mr. Wiley and myself seized Beard, and with much exertion succeeded in relieving Mr. Larkins for the moment. Mr. Larkins was so stunned by the blows he had received that he recovered from the ground with some difficulty, and moved towards the platform. Beard tore violently from Mr. Wiley and myself—Wiley's hold on him being last released—and followed Mr. Larkins again felling him to the ground with a single blow. He then jumped on him, stamping him and dealing him heavy blows with his fist. I do not remember ever to have seen a human being so infuriated with anger as he seemed to be. Up to this time I had not struck or attempted to strike notwithstanding the great indignity to which I was subjected. I really believed, and now think I had good reason to believe, that Beard would have killed Mr. Larkins unless prevented immediately. At that moment there was no one as near as myself that I observed. I had just been made conscious of his superior strength, and I knew I could not tear him from the victim of his rage without a resort to violent means. It was then, and under these circumstances, that I dealt him two blows with my cane with all the power and skill I possessed. My only intent was the relief of Mr. Larkins, known to me to be a high-toned christian gentleman, who had so nobly come to my relief when collared and choked by Beard; and who by this act of generosity, as it appeared to me, had excited the deadly resentment of my assailant against, and provoked the attack upon, himself.

When I did strike I could not have done more; if I had done less I should ever hereafter have to reproach myself with the basest ingratitude towards a friend who seemed to have hazarded so much for me.

This is the part I took in, and all I saw or know of, the transaction which has been so strangely and shamelessly perverted in some of the newspapers of the State.

Yours truly,

G. W. BROOKS.

A row took place at Charlotte on Monday, upon the arrival of the train bearing a number of defendants charged with Ku-kluxing, and their witnesses, on their way from Cleaveland and Rutherford counties to Raleigh. A large body of negroes gathered at the depot, and jeered and taunted the parties, until finally a regular fight took place. It was quelled by the police.

A negro named Bill Jones has been detected, near Oxford, in running an illicit distillery.

There is to be a grand shooting match at the Henderson Fair. A prize of $50 will be contended for.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

STATE ITEMS.

The Greensboro *Patriot* of the 7th inst., says that W. B. Parker, white, and Alfred Gilmer, col., convicted of the murder of Thos. Price, col., at last term of Court, were yesterday brought into Court and sentenced to be hanged in the jail yard on the 27th of October, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock. The sentence was pronounced by Judge Tourgee in an affecting manner, during which Parker maintained his characteristic *sang froid*, but his partner in crime manifested considerable emotion.

We are also informed by a legal friend who was present, that Charles Gilmer, colored, was tried and convicted of the crime of rape upon the person of Marthina Harris, a colored child under ten years of age, and was probably sentenced on Friday evening to be hung. There is no lesser penalty for this crime.

A young gentleman from the District of Columbia, named A. C. Pickerell, and who has been spending a few months with an uncle in Halifax county, has been committed to Halifax county jail for the present for safe keeping. He has become dangerously insane. On Thursday night of last week, he obtained possession of an iron bar and attacked a couple of citizens, with almost serious results.

The Washington *Express* is getting after the frauds committed in Beaufort county in the late election. It says the total number of polls listed in the whole county was 1805; but there were polled at the election, 2531! 726 more votes than voters. Where did they come from? It is no wonder Beaufort county went against Convention. The total number of colored polls in the county was 549, but about 800 colored votes were cast in the election.

The Hickory Tavern *Eagle* tells of a disgraceful outrage committed at Rutherford College a few days ago. Three Federal officers went to the College, entered with guns cocked, and ordered the President to call the roll of the students in attendance. The object was probably to scare the students, but the latter were not frightened, and the officers finally sneaked off looking as if they had just been caught in the commission of a dirty act.

W. J. Bryan, arrested in Moore county on the 11th ult., as a KuKlux, and carried to Raleigh, where, upon examination, he was discharged on bail, has again been arrested upon evidence brought out by a coroner's inquest, and committed to answer the charge of murdering one Murchison some time since.

Col. J. C. McLaurin, a prominent citizen of Richmond county, was seriously injured several days ago, by falling into a cattle gap, while walking the railroad track near Laurinburg. He is upwards of 70 years of age, and three of his ribs were broken. Sad business for an aged man.

The Raleigh *Sentinel* learns that a negro woman named Viney Turner, late of Lexington, N. C., but now of Kinston, has been arrested for concealing her newly-born child in the garden, and leaving it there to die. The infant lived only a few hours after it was discovered.

Eli Barham, residing near New Bethel, Rockingham county, says the Greensboro *Patriot*, was arrested by Deputy Marshal Penn, and brought here on Wednesday last, charged with illicit distilling. He was committed to jail until Saturday when he was released on a $500 bond to appear before the Circuit Court at Raleigh in November.

Mr. J. L. Wood, of Gaston, was killed by a fall from his horse, on the 31st Aug., 4 miles from Yorkville. He was running a horse race with two friends for amusement, when his saddle girth broke and he fell against a tree, breaking his legs and fracturing his skull.

It is stated by a dispatch from Washington, that two companies of infantry and one of cavalry will remain at Raleigh during the present sitting of the U. S. Court, when the Ku Klux prisoners are to be tried.

The ladies of Shelby are collecting funds for the benefit of the prisoners who were taken from Rutherfordton jail to Raleigh last week.

At the recent court in Salisbury, there were 165 cases of alleged violations of whisky and tobacco laws. The big cases seldom appear.—Grant's officials compromise with the parties and pocket the money.

The Wilmington *Journal* says that Col. Fremont, President of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association, has the promise of having the first Road Steamer to be brought into the South, on exhibition at the approaching Fair of the Association.

Ludico McFarland, of Orange county, was arrested on Monday last and carried to Raleigh to await trial at the approaching term of U. S. Circuit Court. It is the old charge—intimidating voters.

Ten young men of Robeson county have been arrested on a bench warrant issued by Judge Russell, charged with being implicated in the killing of the colored man charged with shooting Dr. Smith, some weeks ago.

The Battleboro *Advance* learns that a few days since a dog was discovered in the yard of Rev. Mr. Barkley, of Nash county, with the bones of a human being in his mouth. We have heard no solution attempted of the dark mystery.

The United States Circuit Court convened in Raleigh on Wednesday for the trial of the host of prisoners arrested under the KuKlux law.

A wild cat weighing sixty-seven pounds was killed in Onslow county, one day last week, by a gentleman while going from his home to Jacksonville.

Capt. Peck, Inspector of Customs in Wilmington, has been removed from office by President Grant because he voted for Convention. A carpet-bag mulatto, named Mabson, has been appointed in his place.

Battleboro is rejoicing, because a mineral spring has been discovered in its vicinity. Salem has one of the finest in the State, and not more than four or five minutes walk from the hotel.

The Raleigh *Era* understands that Dr. J. Britton Smith was arrested on the 8th inst., by Deputy Marshal, Jos. G. Hester, on a warrant issued by Commissioner Shaffer, on the affidavit of John H. Willis, for intimidation and forcible ejectment.

The Revenue men seized a wagon and team and a load of whisky and tobacco, in Mocksville on Wednesday of last week.

Patent Air-Tight Fruit Preserving Jars at WOMMACK & CO'S.

GENERAL NEWS.

A terrible murder was committed on the night of the 10th inst., at the residence of John Harper, owner of the celebrated race-horse "Longfellow," near Midway, Kentucky. Jake and Betsy Harper, brother and sister of John Harper, had their throats cut by some unknown person, supposed for the purpose of robbery. Some negroes living within a few feet of Mr. Harper's residence knew nothing of the occurrence till this morning. Three negroes living on the place have been arrested. Blood was found on their clothing, and other evidence against them is very strong.

From some recent California statistics upon the product of the gold mines in that State, we gather that since the discovery of these mines in 1848 something over $1,200,000,000 worth of the precious metals have been removed from there. Of this vast sum, the whole, or at least the great bulk has gone abroad to line the pockets of foreign shop-keepers, bankers, &c. And of the annual amount in silver and gold—approximating $80,000,000—furnished by California, the most of it, like that which has gone before, goes also to Europe. Under these circumstances a "return to specie payment" would develope that we have in this country precious little specie to pay.

The Susquehanna Valley home, an institution for orphan children at Binghamton, N. Y., has been brought into questionable repute. On Tuesday last, Elijah Castle, a citizen of Binghamton, discovered a boy about nine years old on Oak street, walking slowly along, his motion being impeded by a heavy piece of wood, which was chained to his neck. Inquiry elicited from the boy that his name was Fredrick Bowman, and that he was a runaway from the "Home," where he had been carrying the clog about in the manner described, for four weeks. The wood was oak, weighing 16 pounds, and was chained to his neck. The boy was taken to the city jail, where the rivets were filed away and his neck released.

Among the recent deaths in Paris is that of Paul de Kock, the celebrated French novelist and dramatist, in the 78th year of his age. The father of de Kock was guillotined during the Reign of Terror in 1793, and the son was born shortly afterwards. Paul de Kock was a very voluminous writer, and was considered the Dickens of France. His sympathies were with the people, and nearly all his characters were taken from the middle and lower classes, whom he painted true to nature. It has been objected to him that his writings were immoral, but it is a fact that nearly all the translations of immoral French romances, purporting to have been written by him, were forgeries. He never wrote one line of them.

A very nervous woman claimed admission to a Boston hospital one day last week, declaring that she had small-pox. At first sight, it really looked as if she had the disease, and she was admitted. A residence of a few days at the institution revealed the agreeable fact that the eruptions on her face and neck were nothing but mosquito bites.

A dispatch from Rome dated 9th inst., says that the Alfierians, a red republican society, threaten to burn the Vatican—the Pope's palace. Precautions have been taken against such a crime; but in case an attempt should be made and anarchy ensue, the person of the pope will be protected by the flags of foreign ambassadors.

Mrs. Eldred and Mrs. Barton, two sisters, aged respectively ninety-three and ninety-five, who had been for many years residing together in Baldwinsville, N. Y., died a few days ago, within two hours of each other. They were buried on the same day, and in one grave.

Texas will this year sell 1,000,000 head of cattle; out of Red River there will be 75,000 head of cattle, 750,000 barrels of beef, 1,000,000 pounds of tallow, 225,000 bales of cotton, besides vast quantities of wool and hides. The crops of upper Texas are in good condition.

A collision took place on the night of the 7th inst., between two passenger trains, on the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Randolph station eight miles from Louisville, Ky. One person was killed and two fatally wounded. Among the latter, was a Mr. Wm. Buchanan, of Asheville, N. C. He is since dead.

A gentleman owning a tract of land in West Virginia, near the Kanawha river, recently sold 300 white oak trees at $5 each, just as they stood in the forest. They were all procured on two acres. They were to be taken to Louisville, to be used about the canal.

John Estes, of North Berwich, Me., committed suicide the other day, by setting fire to the house in which he lived and then deliberately shutting himself in. After the fire had been subdued his body was found among the remnants of his bed burned to a crisp.

Advices from Egypt to 5th inst., report that the Viceroy has dismissed all the Americans in his service, both in the army and the civil departments. This step has been taken in consequence of the ill feeling and jealousy displayed towards the Americans by numerous Turkish officials of high standing and influence.

A Washington dispatch dated 9th inst., says "the declaration of martial law in certain South Carolina counties, hangs fire." Prominent Republicans express the fear that such a step would prove injurious to the party, as it would be impossible, in view of recent developments, to keep the country ignorant of the true *animus* of the proceeding.

Professor Peters, of Litchfield Observatory, N. Y., has discovered another asteroid. It was first noticed at 1 o'clock last Saturday night. This makes the 116th in the group.

Governor Scott, of South Carolina, is still in the pardon business. His last performance was to liberate a Radical who was convicted of forging the name of the Lieutenant Governor.

Mrs. Mary Kingman was recently stung on the hand by a wasp, in Oakland, Indiana, and died in twenty minutes.

A fire occurred at Minden, La., on the night of the 10th inst., which destroyed two blocks in the business part of the town. Loss, $100,000.

The accounts of the Treasurer of the United States Mint at Philadelphia, are in a state of mystification, and are now being overhauled.

Three deaths occurred at Hartford, Conn., on the 11th inst., from mistaking toadstools for mushrooms.

Cholera is slowly diminishing in North Germany.

A Tennessee hymn, very popular at camp meetings, has only 741 verses. It is sung by installments.

A strange freak of nature has occurred in Rockingham county, Va., in the track of the severe hailstorm which occurred in that region some five weeks ago. All the orchards in the track of the hailstorm have come out in full bloom. Some orchards are in as full bloom as they ever were in the spring. Not only are the apple-trees in blossom, but also the locust-trees in many places. One apple-tree in particular has several bushels of ripe apples on it, and thousands of blossoms. Nothing of the kind has ever occurred in that county before, and the people are wondering greatly over it.

The financial policy of the Republican party is beginning to be understood by the people in its true light. It has created and enriched a moneyed oligarchy at the expense of the people, and has given to banks and other private corporations the profits of a national circulation which properly belong to the people and the government. This policy is now fastened upon us, and when it is changed, as changed it must be, the reform must be conducted gradually and with the utmost circumspection, so as to prevent wide-spread disaster to our industrial and commercial interests.

A boarder in a house in Albany, N. Y., overcome by the heat one night recently, left his bed, started for the yard, and stretched himself out on top the hen-house. Just as he got fairly asleep, the roof gave way and precipitated him among the fowls. The hens squawked and raised such a clatter that the landlord thought a thief was in the hennery. Accordingly he pitched into his unfortunate boarder in the dark, gave him an unmerciful thrashing, and then handed him over to a policeman before he found out his mistake.

A queer lawsuit has arisen near Oshkosh, Wisconsin, between a couple of German farmers, growing out of a recent tornado. The force of the gale was so great that whole shocks of wheat were taken up bodily and carried into an adjoining field. The owner of the field claims the wheat by right of possession, while the loser of the wheat claims he is short a number of shocks. Neither one knows definitely the number of shocks he had standing in the field prior to the storm, but the loser thinks he is short by six or eight, and sues for that number.

According to the list published in the New York *Sun*, President Grant has appointed forty of his family relatives to office, some of the offices being very important, and the incumbents not fit to hold them. Long ago President Jefferson said, "The public will never be made to believe that the appointment of a relative is made on the ground of merit alone, uninfluenced by family views; nor can they ever see with approbation offices, the disposal of which they intrust to the President for public purposes, divided out as family property."

The campaign against the Indians in Arizona, owing, as is alleged, to the intermeddling of the Peace Commissioners, has failed; but the campaign of the hostile wretches against the white settlers is still going on, successfully for the savages. The poor, hunted settlers plead for more troops to be sent to protect them, but the administration can spare none until after the Presidential election.

The receipts at the Patent Office in Washington for the month of August last, from applicants, were $55,050, being about $10,000 in excess of those for any corresponding month in previous years. The businesss of the office last month was as follows: Applicants, 1542; Re-issues, 61; Designs, 75; Caveats, 296; Trade Marks, 42; Extensions, 24.

On the night of the 1st inst., three prisoners confined in the jail at Danville, Va., made their escape. They ripped an old tin wash-basin into strips, hacked the strips till they would serve as saws, and then sawed an opening in the floor of the cell. The fugitives are Martin and Smith, charged with counterfeiting, and Davis, charged with being concerned in a shooting affray. They have probably struck for North Carolina.

Mrs. Mary Michaels, a lady aged 110 years, living at the model farm, one mile from Petersburg, Va., committed suicide recently, by jumping into a well and drowning herself. The deceased had led a very active life, and had always enjoyed good health, until about a month ago, when she was taken sick. Her illness is supposed to have preyed upon her mind, and drove her to self-destruction.

S. P. Brown, recently appointed by President Grant as a member of the Board of Public Works in Washington, was a naval agent in 1863, and is a defaulter to the amount of $48,000. Suits are still pending against him for the recovery of the money then embezzled. Yet the President appoints him to a responsible office.

A good text for an able minister to expound before President Grant, would be the fourth verse of the twenty-ninth chapter of Proverbs, viz: "The King by judgment establishes the land; but he that receiveth gifts overthroweth it."

One of the dignitaries of the Mormon church, arrested by the Federal authorities for refusing to deliver a convict whom he had concealed, was tried in Salt Lake City, convicted, and on the 4th inst., sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment.

Gold placer diggings have been found near the Emma mines in Utah, and one man in two days washed out $500 worth of dust. Two hundred thousand dollars have been offered for a mine in Cottonwood, that was discovered only two weeks ago.

During the hurricane in the West Indies on the 21st ult., the Island of Antigua had every estate damaged, and the loss was immense. Five churches were prostrated on Tortola Island; 800 houses and 40 estates were destroyed on St. Kit's Island, and the growing crops were destroyed on the Island of Saba.

A new kind of bird cage is now in vogue. It is made of wood, such as rustic chairs in parks, and is so ingeniously covered with leaves and flowers growing in the earth at the bottom, as to wholly hide the wood and wire. The birds seem within a little bower of natural flowers.

In Richmond, Va., many birds are said to be going blind, and every day dead birds are picked up in the streets, having been killed in their flight by striking against buildings or other obstructions.

At Chicago, Ill., on the 9th inst., Dr. Marsh Lawrence, while partially insane on account of the death of his father, killed his wife and child and then himself, with a razor.

Next month the people of Texas will vote upon the question of dividing it into three States.

The crop of tobacco now being cut in the Miami valley, Ohio, is estimated at 45,000 boxes.

An affecting scene took place at Frankfort, Ky., on the 5th inst., on the occasion of the inauguration of Governor Leslie. The venerable Judge Robertson, Chief Justice of Kentucky, aged over 80 years, and weak and helpless, was carried to the stand and administered the oath of office. He had to be supported by two gentlemen while doing so. At the close of the ceremony he declared Governor Leslie the duly installed Governor of Kentucky, and then, unexpectedly to all, announced in his weak and trembling voice, his resignation of the office so long and so honorably filled by him.

Troubles have occurred in Boone county, Ark., which are creating considerable excitement. A few days ago, a circuit judge ordered the militia out with the ostensible purpose of protecting his court, and kept them during the term. They are reported to have committed depredations and attempted the assassination of one or two prominent Democrats of that county.

The difficulties appear to have grown out of a difference between the judge and sheriff, both of whom are Republicans. The latter was deposed by the former, and the coroner substituted. The sheriff refused to surrender his office.

MARRIED,

In Philadelphia, on Thursday the 7th inst., by Rev. J. H. Kummer, Rev. M. E. Grunert, President of Salem Female Academy, to Miss Martha Smith, of Philadelphia.

DIED,

In Greensboro' on the 2nd inst., Mrs. Martha Short, aged 45 years.

THE MARKETS.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 15, 1871.

Provisions.		*Provisions.*	
Bacon,	12½@ 15	Chop,	2
Lard,	15@	Bran,	1½
Pork,	0@00	*Grain.*	
Beef,	4@10	Wheat,	1 50@1 60
Veal,	5@ 8	Corn,	90 @ 1 00
Mutton,	6@ 8	" (old)	00@0 00
Butter,	20@00	Rye,	90@1 00
Flour,	4 @4½	Oats,	60@ 00
Eggs,	10	Peas,	85@ 90
Beeswax,	25 @ 28	Meal,	2½ @3

Cucumbers, 5 c. doz.
Dried Blackberries, 6@7 Green Peaches 50 cts.
Dried Apples,..2@4 Peeled Peaches,...10@12
U. P. Peaches,...4 a 6 Cherries,.....15 a 18

DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

Danville, Sept. 13.

Receipts light, market animated, with an upward tendency for all working grades.

Lugs—Common, Red,	$5 00	to $7 00
" Good working,	6 00	to 8 00
" Com'n, Bright,	8 00	to 12 00
" Fine, "	15 00	to 30 00
Extra lots higher.		
Leaf—Common Red,	8 00	to 10 00
" Good,	10 00	to 12 00
" Good, rich, waxy,	12 00	to 18 00
" Common Bright,	15 00	to 30 00
" Good, "	25 00	to 40 00
" Fine, "	40 00	to 60 00
" Extra fine lots,	60 00	to 75 00

New York, Sept. 12.—Cotton, 21 a 21¾; Flour, 6 15 to 7 05; Corn, 70 a 72; Wheat, 1 30 a 1 60; Gold, 114⅛; Bonds, N. C. old, 43, new 24.

Baltimore, Sept. 12.—Cotton 18½ a 20¼; Flour 5 25 a 6 50; Wheat, $1 30 a $1 65; Corn white, 76 a 80, yellow, 73 a 75; Oats, 49 a 52, Bacon, 7¼ a 8½; Whisky, 93 a 00; Lard 9¼ a 9¾.

Richmond, Sept. 12.—Wheat, $1 50 a 1 65; Corn 85 a 90; Oats 58 a 60; Flour, extra, $0 00 a $0 00 per barrel.

Norfolk, Sept. 12.—Bacon, sides, 8¼ a 9¼; Corn 86 a 00. Flour $5 25 a $7 25.

Charlotte, Sept. 12.—Bacon 10½ a 11; Flour, 4 00 a 4 25; Corn, 95 a 1 00; Oats, 70 a 00; Wheat, $1 75 a $0 00; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00.

Fayetteville, Sept. 7.—Bacon 12½ a 17; Flour, $6 50 a $7 50; Corn $1 05 a $1 15; Oats, 70; Rye, $1 10; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 15; Whisky, $1 75; Brandy, $2 50.

Petersburg, Sept. 12.— Flour $5 75 a $1 60; Wheat, red, $1 15 a $1 50, white $1 20 a $1 60; Corn, 88 a 90; Bacon, hog round 14 a 14½; Whisky, $2 25; Brandy $2 40 a $2 50

MUSIC HALL.

CONCERT!

THE SALEM MUSIC SOCIETY will give one of their popular Concerts at the Music Hall on Saturday evening September 16th at 7½ o'clock. Programmes, giving full particulars, will be distributed on Saturday morning.

READING CLUB BENEFIT.

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE IN SALEM, N. C.

I Will sell at public Auction, on the premises, on **Saturday, the 28th of October** next, my HOUSE AND LOT, in Salem, N. C.

The Lot is well improved, with a good Dwelling House, containing 8 Rooms, besides a Kitchen and Cellar in the basement. A small building suitable for an Office, Stable and other out-buildings, a Well of excellent water,—in a word, everything necessary for a desirable and comfortable home.

The Lot fronts 60 feet on Main Street, and runs back near 400 feet, and is located in the most desirable part of town, between the Hotel and Female Academy. I will also sell, at the same time and place, 7 acres of land, lying 1 mile South of Salem, adjoining the home place of the late C. L. Banner. This is all in woods, except about one acre in Meadow. Also two unimproved Lots on Marshall Street, both suitable for building.

Only a small sum will be required to be paid down. Time will be given on the balance.

Any person wishing to look at any of the property, will call upon Dr. P. T. Shultz, of Salem, or J. Masten, Esq., of Winston.

CHRISTINA SHULTZ,
Per J. MASTEN, *Agent.*

P. S.—I will sell any of the above property privately, before the day of sale. C. S.
Salem, N. C., Sept. 15, 1871-37-tds.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Davidson County—In Superior Court.

H. H. Small and Mary Small, his wife, Plaintiffs
vs.
L. L. Thomas, Defendant. } Notice of Attachment

To L. L. Thomas, a non-resident:

You are hereby notified, that the above-named Plaintiffs have sued out a Warrant of Attachment against your property, upon a bond executed by you on the 6th day of September, 1860, to Mary Tomlinson, since intermarried with the co-plaintiff, H. H. Small, for the sum of three hundred and twenty-five dollars ($325) with interest thereon from the said 6th day of September, 1860, subject to a credit of the interest to the 7th day of September, 1861, and of one hundred dollars paid the 11th day of May, 1869; said Warrant of Attachment is returnable before the Judge of our Superior Court to be held for the County of Davidson, at the Court-House in Lexington, the 6th Monday after the 3d Monday of September, 1871, when and where you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of Plaintiffs, which has been filed in this action in the office of the Clerk of said Court.

M. H. Pinnix, F. C. Robbins, } Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
L. E. JOHNSON, C. S. C.
September 9th, 1871.-37-4t

ALMANAC.

Blum's Farmers' & Planters' ALMANAC 1872.

Besides the usual Astronomical calculations, Agricultural matter, Tales, Anecdotes and Recipes, this Almanac contains Interest Tables, Tide Table, vote for Attorney General in 1870, Table showing the number of days from any day in one month, to the same day in another month throughout the year, times of holding Courts in North Carolina and Virginia, list of members of the General Assembly, population of the Globe, population of large cities, population of North Carolina and the United States, Government of Public Works and Institutions of North Carolina, Government of the United States, Rates of Postage, List of Taxes repealed, &c., &c.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Sept, 1871.

Post Office Directory.

Office hours, Sunday, from 7½ to 8½ A. M. and from 1 to 2, P. M.

Mail Arrangements.

HIGH POINT MAIL.

Arrives daily by 8, A. M. Departs daily at 2, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1½, P. M. Departs Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 3 P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 A. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Departs every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

JERUSALEM MAIL.

Arrives every Tuesday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Monday at 7, A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Friday, at 4, P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 8, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

AT THE BOOK STORE.

NEAT WALNUT WORK BOXES at low prices
TRANSPARENT SLATES, three sizes.

Cheap Port Folios, Paper Window Shades,
Fireboard Prints, Wall Paper,
INITIAL PAPER,—Rose Tint, and Ornamented.
Magill's Paper Fasteners,
New Ink Erasers,—the best thing out.
Good and cheap Writing Paper.
Blank Account and Record Books.
Tilden's Nonspilling Inkstands,
and many other articles in our line.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
March 31, 1871.

VERMICELLI & MACCARONI AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE, Postoffice Building
Feb. 20, 1868 26-

Moravian Hymn Books,

In various styles of binding at the BOOK STORE.

Wood's Object Lessons IN BOTANY.

HAND BOOK FOR COUNTY OFFICERS

CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salem, N. C., Sept. 1st, 1871.

Mrs. Franky Adams, A. D. Kelly, W. M. Miller, Lee Marshal, Thomas Murphey, Miss Laura W. Parker, Henry Shouse, Dr. Joshua W. Vick, Mrs. Katie Wilson, J. L. Walker, Miss Sarah Zimmerman.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

The 'Poulterer's Friend'

WILL prevent and cure Chicken Cholera, and prevent Gapes in young Chickens, &c.

HOG POWDERS.

A preventive and cure for Hog Cholera, and profitable in fattening Hogs.

Horse and Cattle Powders At Vogler's Supply Store.
Salem, Aug. 4, 1871.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL Lettering and Sign Painting OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED by JOHN A. VOGLER.
Salem, N. C., Aug. 4, 1871.

Soap! Soap!! Soap!!!

WARFIELD'S CELEBRATED COLDWATER SELF-WASHING SOAP for sale by
H. D. LOTT.
Salem, N. C., Sept. 1, 1871.-35-2m.

Clover Seed, Timothy, Orchard and Herd Grass Seed at H. D. LOTT'S

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1, 1871-35-2m.

PICTURES FOR THE PEOPLE.

HIGHLY COLORED ORNAMENTED CHARTS, of the following subjects:

Prince of Peace,
Life of Christ,
Pilgrim's Progress,
Our Saviour,
Mt. Vernon, Cheap at the BOOK STORE.

Pencil Points From No. 1 to No. 9.
Memorandums, Large and Small.
Family Bibles, Fine and Common.
at the BOOK STORE.

FEVER AND AGUE.

JUST RECEIVED a fresh lot of the Great South American Fever and Ague Cure. Has never failed to have the desired effect. Call and get a bottle at
WOMACK'S.

DICTIONARIES

Webster's Unabridged, National, University and School Bullion's English Latin and Latin English. Dictionaries at BLUM'S BOOK STORE.

BRUSH AWAY!

WITH superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, Hat, Paint, Whitewash and Horse Brushes.—Best in market.

NEW COMBS!

WHO would do without a new Comb, when a superior article of *Horn, Shell, Gutta Percha*,—plain and metal backs—*Fine-tooth* and *Pocket Combs*, can be had so cheap.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

BY purchasing either *Pocket Wallets, Ladies' Purses* of steel, leather and velvet,—neat and durable.

"FAIRY CASKET,"

A beautiful artcle for Ladies' Toilet use, with Soap and Perfumery in great variety, and at all prices.

BRIGHT! BRIGHTER!! BRIGHTEST!!!

SAPOLIO for cleaning Silver, Brass, Tin, &c., superior to any article of the kind now in use.

☞ Be sure and call for any of the above articles at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

POST OFFICE BUILDING, Salem, N. C.
84-tf.

Additional Attractions EVERY WEEK!

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES in everything to be found at PATTERSON & CO'S.

CHEAP GOODS.

I WILL sell out the stock of Goods in E. A. Vogler's old Store at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, at less than cost. The stock consists of what is kept in a general Store.

I also have a large lot of SHOES.

Wholesale buyers can supply themselves and save money.

The Goods must be sold and good bargains will be given. H. W. FRIES, Assignee.
Aug. 18, 1871. 34-4w.

NOTICE!

TAXES! TAXES!! TAXES!!!

I will attend at

Sides,	Monday October 2nd.
Bitting's Store,	Tuesday October 3rd.
Old Town,	Wednesday Oct. 4th.
Vienna,	Thursday October 5th.
Blackburn's Schoolhouse,	Friday October 6th.
Benjamin Hampton's,	Saturday October 7th.
Widow Sarah Clinard's,	Monday, October 9th.
John Hasten's	Tuesday, October 10th.
Vestal Perry's,	Wednesday Oct. 11th.
Crim's ⋈ Roads,	Thursday October 12th.
Hardin Haizlip's,	Friday, October 13th
Crew's Schoolhouse,	Saturday, October 14th.
Bethania,	Monday October 16th.
Salem, Butner's Hotel,	Tuesday October 17th.
Winston,	Wednesday Oct. 18th,

for the purpose of receiving from the tax payers of Forsyth County their State and County taxes for the year 1871, when and where all persons interested are invited to meet me and pay their taxes, as I cannot give indulgence and will be compelled to collect by distress, as I will have to pay over the State taxes in a short time after canvassing the county. There are also numerous claims against the county that will have to be paid off immediately, as the parties are needing the money and are pressing for payment.

The Tax is 92 cents on the $100 valuation, and $2 10 on the poll, State and County included.

I further give notice that I hold the tax-book for 1871, as made out by the Clerk, for inspection. All persons are requested to inform me of any persons who have failed to list their property as the law requires, so that I may be enabled to deal with them as the law requires of me in all cases where persons fail to list. M. MASTEN, Sheriff.
September 1, 1871. 35-4t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

ON TUESDAY OCTOBER 3rd, 1871, I will sell, as Assignee of Vogler & Co., at the Store formerly occupied by E. A. Vogler, in the town of Salem, Forsyth County, N. C., all the real and personal estate of Vogler & Co., and E. A. Vogler.

The real estate consists of that desirable and valuable Store and Dwelling, House and Lot, in Salem, known on the plot of Salem as No. 63, where E. A. Vogler formerly carried on business. This lot will be divided North and South, leaving a good Tenement House and Lot on the West end. One House and Lot on the opposite corner, known on the town plot as No. 27, a desirable place for business or for a dwelling, both lying in the centre of the town and close to the Salem Female Academy, Post Office and Hotel.

Four Lots on Marshall street, Nos. 232, 233, 234, 235 all well improved for truck farming and excellent lots for building.

One tract of 157 acres of land within one mile of town known as "SUNNY SIDE," on the waters of Middle Fork, adjoining Leigh, Clemmons, Winkler and others. This tract has excellent BUILDINGS, conveniently arranged, a good Well near the House and Barns, and is on the whole, a finer property than is usually offered.

One tract of land on the waters of Middle Fork or Wachovia creek, containing about 28 acres, a great portion meadow, adjoining David Spaugh, A. N. Reich and others.

One House and Lot on the old Plank Road, between Salem and Waughtown, now occupied by Joseph Walker.

Also a tract of 4 acres on the Salisbury road where Tim Fishel formerly lived, on which E. A. Vogler has a claim.

The personal property consists of a lot of STORE GOODS, including

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASS, &c., &c., &c.

A LARGE LOT OF

SHOES,

(OVER 2,000 PAIR,)

SHOE-FINDINGS and MACHINERY,

Farming Tools,

and a great deal of property too tedious to enumerate.

Persons desirous of bidding on any of the real estate can get any information by applying to me or to A. F. Pfohl, who will be at the store.

As the sale will take place at the store in Salem, any one wishing to bid will do well to examine the property beforehand.

The real estate will be sold first, commencing at 1 o'clock, P. M., Oct. 3rd, 1871, and the sale will continue from day to day until all the property is sold.

TERMS CASH.

H. W. FRIES,
Assignee of Vogler & Co.
Salem, N. C., Aug. 28, 1871. 35-tds.

New Family Grocery

☞ AT JENKINS' OLD STAND. ☜

J. P. LANDQUIST,
SALEM, N. C.,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country, that he has taken the business stand recently occupied by Mr. R. A. Jenkins, and opened a

Grocery and Provision Store,

for the sale of everything in that line which can be needed by a family. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,

and has been selected especially with a view to meet the wants of this community. It comprises the best varieties of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE and TEAS,
Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Crackers, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Chickens, Eggs, Fish, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand, and at astonishingly low prices for

CASH OR BARTER.

☞ Do not fail to inspect my stock before purchasing.

J. P. LANDQUIST.
Sept 1, 1871-35-3m.

FAIR WARNING.

AS Assignee of Vogler & Co., it is my duty to collect the debts due to them and to E. A. Vogler and A. F. Pfohl. These debts can be collected in the United States Court, where the Homestead decision of our State Courts is not binding.

Call at the Store and settle and save costs of a suit in the U. S. Court. H. W. FRIES,
Aug. 18, 1871. (34.tf) Assignee of Vogler & Co.

Miss Alcott's Works.

LITTLE WOMEN,
LITTLE MEN,
OLD FASHIONED GIRL,
HOSPITAL SKETCHES,
at the BOOK STORE.

FINE **Orange & Lemon Trees** FOR SALE. The Lemon Trees are bearing Fruit. Enquire at this Office.

LIFE INSURANCE
Salem Agency.

THE undersigned is Agent for the Wilmington N. C. Life Insurance Company. Call and see him. Office in Dr. Zevely's building.

Thos. R. Purnell.

GUN FOR SALE.

A GOOD six shooter Rifle for sale. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

Christian Harmony,

CHEAP, by the quantity, at BLUM'S.

GOOD NEWS TO HOUSEKEEPERS

THE cheapest and best method for preserving all kinds of Fruit, Vegetables, &c., without air-lighting the jars and with or without Sugar, is to use the

American Fruit Preserving Powder.

Parties here who used them last season, are much pleased. J. L. FULKERSON, Sole Agent.
Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

THE NEWEST And Most Improved Styles of Patent Air-tight Jars,

With Glass Covers, Porcelain-lined Covers, or improved Metal Covers, calculated to please even the most fastidious, will be found at low prices with
June 30th, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC COMPOUNDS

SUCH as **Carbolic Disinfecting Soap,** for washing Horses, Cattle, Pigs, Dogs, &c.

It will positively destroy all insects on Cattle, and cure Mange, Scratches and Sores of all kinds.

Bed Bugs are at once killed, and their nits destroyed by its use.

The Carbolic Plant Protector destroys and prevents Bugs, Flies, Catterpillars, Plant Lice, Black Scab, Turnip and Cabbage Flies, &c., and is very cheap.

The Carbolic Balm Ointment is said to be the best *Family Salve* in the *world*, and only 25 cents a bottle. Call and get a circular.

At J. L. FULKERSON'S.
Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

THOS. R. PURNELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SALEM, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, Yadkin, Surry, Stokes, Davie and Davidson Counties. Prompt attention given to the collection and settlement of claims in all parts of the State.
June 16, 1871.-24-tf.

Notion Store!

J. BLICKENDERFER,
At the Old Drug Store on the South Side Public Square,
SALEM, N. C.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that he has opened at the above place a

Notion and Variety Store,

which he has stocked with a fine assortment of Goods of the latest and most approved styles, embracing

HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, FANS, TRIMMINGS AND EDGINGS, RIBBONS, SOAPS, POCKET-BOOKS, SILK BUTTONS, PARASOLS, NECK-TIES, SEWING SILKS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, STATIONERY, SEGARS AND PIPES, JET JEWELRY, ZEPHYR AND GERMANTOWN WOOL, in fact, everything that can be found in a first class Notion establishment.

I am agent for the celebrated **Keystone Counterpanes,** Wool, Half Wool, and Cotton, of all colors, for Beds, Cribs and Cradles; those wishing to purchase are solicited to call and inspect my assortment just received from the Factory.

J. BLICKENDERFER.
Salem, N. C., May 19, 1871.-20-tf.

NEW Stationery Packages.

THE UNITED STATES SPECIE PACKAGE contains

5 sheets Note Paper,	5 Envelopes,
1 Lead Pencil,	1 Penholder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen,	1 new Dime Book.

Every package is guaranteed to contain either 5, 10, 25, or 50 cents in nickel or silver.

Price 25 Cents.

THE Excelsior Stationery Package contains 10 sheets of Good Paper. 10 Envelopes, 1 Good Lead Pencil, 1 Pen Holder, 1 Oroide Gold Pen, 1 New Dime Book and 1 set of Ladie's or Gents' Jewelry, with a cash prize of from 5 cents to $1 00.

Price Fifty Cents.

THE FAIRY CASKET

contains 12 sheets of Lady's Note Paper, 12 Envelopes, 1 good Penholder, 1 oroide Gold Pen, 1 good lead Pencil, Copy popular Song Book, 1 copy of the Art of Love, 1 Dime Book, 1 Little Flirt, or the art of Hadkerchief, Glove, and Fan Flirtation, with Floral Language of Love, 1 Little Facinator.

In addition to the above, each casket is guaranteed to contain from 5 cents to $5 in money or one of the following valuable presents: 1 Lady's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Gentleman's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Fine Pen Knife, 1 Gent's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Ink Stand, 1 set Jewelry.

☞ The Casket is a neat gilt box, and makes a handsome present for a lady or a gentleman.

Price only One Dollar.

For Sale at the Book Store.

LAND AGENCY.

PARTIES wishing to dispose of Lands or Town property, will please apply by letter or in person to BENJ. BOWBEER.
High Point, N. C., July 28, 1871. 30-3m.

MASON'S IMPROVED (LATEST PATENT) PRESERVING JARS,

WITH GLASS COVER AND SCREW RING, avoiding contact with metal or rubber.

Best in the Market.

At ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.
Salem, N. C., July 21, 1871.

M. WP. GRAVES, THOS. R. McDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,
FOR THE SALE OF
LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 skylights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.
March 3, —9-1.

WORTH & WORTH,
General Shipping and Commission MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
D. G. WORTH, B. G. WORTH,

Advertised Everywhere.
The Celebrated Liver Regulator
TO BE HAD AT
Zevely's Drug Store.

CALICOES! A Fine lot of latest styles Calico just received at
June 9.—23-tf. WOMACK'S

FOUND.

A PAIR OF SILVER MOUNTED SPECTACLES, which the owner can have on application to the undersigned, and paying for this advertisement.

T. F. CRIST.
Salem, N. C. July 28, 1871, 30-tf

An Ounce of Prevention is Better than a Pound of Cure
Horse and Cattle Powders.
A SURE PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE.
AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

A Summer Day.

Sunshine over the meadow lands,
Kissing the crimson clover,
The sunshine haunting the lily cups
That the yellow bees hung over,
And sunshine over the hazy hills
And over the dimpling river—
And I wished that the sun and the Summer day
Might shine and last forever.

We walked down by the meadow path,
The broad highway forsaking,
For the quiet of that lovely spot
Seemed better for our love-making.
And I was silent and she was shy,
And we walked down through the clover;
But we thought it the sweetest Summer day
That ever the sun shone over.

We heard the birds in the waving grass,
As they twittered to each other
About the nests they had hidden away—
And the coo of each glad mother.
And we thought, as we walked that summer day
Through the clover blooms together,
That at last the world was in perfect tune,
In the glad bright Summer weather.

I cannot tell what I said to her;
As we walked knee-deep in clover;
But I know that the robins merrily sang
A song that was gladder, sweeter,
And its echo joined with the world's sweet hymn,
And made the day completer.

And when we came up the meadow path,
Our hearts sang over and over:
"Oh sweet glad day for blossom and bird,
And for every blithe young lover!"
And yet I know not the words she said,
Or whether she spoke at all;
But of all sweet days that Summer day
I count as the best of all,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHITCOMB'S REMEDY FOR ASTHMA

For Asthma, Rose Cold, Hay Fever, etc.

"Nothing so successful."—T. METCALF, *Druggist, Boston.* Recommended by Dr O. W. Holmes. *It always relieves.* JOS. BURNETT & CO., Boston, Mass. Sold by all druggists.

VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE,
STAUNTON, VA.

Is one of the largest FIRST-CLASS Institutions in the South. There are **Eight Schools,** under twenty-two officers. Pupils from every Southern State. Special advantages in **Music. Buildings and Grounds are spacious and elegant.**

☞ For Circulars of 45 pages, address

Rev. R. H. PHILLIPS, Principal.

A NEW ERA IN WASHING

LABOR, TIME, CLOTHES AND FUEL SAVED BY THE USE OF WARFIELD'S COLD WATER SELF-WASHING SOAP.

SEND for CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.

AGENTS WANTED.

WILSON, LOCKWOOD, EVERETT & CO.,
51 MURRY ST., New York.

Sole Agents for the States of Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida.

DR. COLLINS'
PAINLESS CURE FOR THE
OPIUM HABIT.
DR. COLLINS' ANTIDOTE

Enables the patient to discontinue the use of Opium in any form, at once, without pain or inconvenience, and without any interruption of ordinary business. It rebuilds the broken constitution and restores the nervous energies.

DISCOVERED IN 1868.

The only Painless Cure ever Discovered.

THERIAKI:
AND
THEIR LAST DOSE.

A book of over 100 pages, containing letters of FITZ-HUGH LUDLOW, the well-known letter of G. A. T., exposing the intrigues of HARPER'S MAGAZINE and LUDLOW, and a full description of the Antidote sent free to any address.

Address **DR. SAMUEL B. COLLINS,**
Laporte, Indiana.

Agents! Read This!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK AND EXPENSES, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions, Address M. WAGNER & Co., Marshall, Mich, 34-4w.

$30. We will Pay $30.

Agents $30 per week to sell our new and valuable discoveries. If you want permanent, honorable and pleasant work, apply for particulars.
Address DYER & CO., Jackson, Michigan.

A GENTS WANTED for the TRANSMISSION OF LIFE.

COUNSELS ON THE NATURE OF HYGIENE OF THE MASCULINE FUNCTION. By DR. NAPHEYS, author of "*The Physical Life of Woman,*" It relates to *the male sex*; is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly; Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory. Terms liberal. Price $2. Address for contents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. 30-4w.

A MILLION DOLLARS

Shrewd but quiet men can make a fortune by revealing the secret of the business to no one.

Address **WM. WRAY.**
688, Broadway, New York.

SONG ECHO

A New School Book. by H. S. Perkins. Price $7 50 per dozen. Contains over two hundred new & beautiful Songs, Duets, etc., by WILL S. HAYS, WEBSTER, THOMAS, etc., Everything is new, fresh and sparkling. Contents and specimen pages sent free. Sample copies mailed free of postage to teachers for 65 cents.—Liberal terms for intrduction.

Subscribers to PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY are getting their Music for less than two cents a piece.—Those who have not seen this Musical Magazine should send 30 cents for a sample copy. The music is by HAYS, THOMAS, KINKEL, PERSLEY, and other popular writers.

Two back numbers for 40 cents. Four back numbers for 75 cents. Subscribers get

FIFTY DOLLARS WORTH of MUSIC for $3.

Address

J. L. PETERS, 599, Broadway, N. Y.

Teachers sending us their orders for $10 eworth of music, can claim a year's subscription to Peters' Musical Monthly.

Dick's English Classics.
The Cheapest Books ever Published.

Shakspeare	50 cents.
Byron	50 "
Scott	25 "
Goldsmith	50 "
Burns	25 "
Milton	25 "
Cowper	25 "
Wordsworth	25 "
Moore	25 "

At the BOOK STORE.

HAND BOOK
FOR
COUNTY OFFICERS
CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

Wood's Object Lessons
IN BOTANY.

Patent Air-Tight Fruit Preserving Jars at WOMMACK & CO'S.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$290 For first-class Pianos—sent on trial—no agents. Address U. S. PIANO CO., 645, Broadway, N. Y. 35-4w.

Bible and Book Agents

Look to your interest. Send name and address to W. FLINT & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 35-4w.

Crumbs & Comfort!

Patented November 1, 1870.

SAMPLES FREE AT ALL GROCERY STORES.

35-4w.] H. A. BARTLETT & CO., Philadelphia.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
A.H.STEPHENS

Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Send for circulars with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 35-4w.

POPERY.
THE FOE OF THE CHURCH
AND REPUBLIC.

What it has done. What it is doing and what it means to do. Its power. Its despotism. Its infallibility. Its frauds. Its relicts. Its miracles. Its Idolatry. Its persecutions. Its hatred of our public schools and of civil and religious liberty. Its startling crimes. Its horrid wickedness and ITS NEW YORK RIOTS.

A book that is wanted everywhere. We want agents to introduce it in every county at once, and will pay them liberally. Send for circular. Address ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 12 S. Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 35-4.

ψυχη Psychomancy Is Derived from the Greek signifying the power of the soul, spirit or mind, and is the basis of all human knowledge. Psychomancy is the title of a new work of 400 pages, by HERBERT HAMILTON, B. A., giving full instructions in the science of Soul Charming and Psychologic Fascination; how to exert this wonderful power over men or animals at will. It teaches Mesmerism, how to become Trance or Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiritualism, Alchemy, Philosophy of Omens and Dreams, Brigham Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, &c. This is the only book in the English language professing to teach this occult power, and is of immense advantage to Merchants, Lawyers, Physicians, and especially to Lovers, in securing the affections of the opposite sex, and all seeking riches or happiness.—Price by mail, in cloth, $1 25; paper covers, $1, for sale by J. B. LIPPINCOTT & Co.; and CLAXEN, REMSEN & Co., Phila. Agents wanted for this book, Medical Works, Perfumery, Jewelry, &c. Samples free to Agents only. For single copies by mail, and terms to Agents, address T. W. Evans, Publisher, 41 So. 8th St. Phila., Pa. 35-4w.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers

Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List, to Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburg, Pa. Army Guns and Revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted. 35-4w.

8 O'CLOCK.

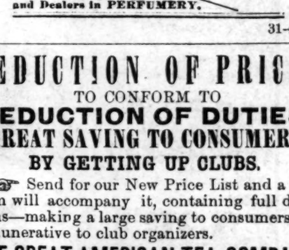
35-4w.

Thea-Nectar
IS A PURE
BLACK TEA

with the Green Tea Flavor.—Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the **Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., 8** Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. 35-4w.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y. 35-4w

WANTED—AGENTS, (**$20 per day**) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock-stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the Market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St Louis, Mo. 35-4w.


It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.
COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP.

31-4w.

REDUCTION OF PRICES
TO CONFORM TO
REDUCTION OF DUTIES.
GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS
BY GETTING UP CLUBS.

☞ Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY
31 & 33 *VESEY STREET,*
P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK, 35-4w.

JURUBEBA.

WHAT IS IT?

It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINARY, UTERINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES TUMORS, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER AND THEIR CONCOMITANTS

DR. WELLS having become aware of the extraordinary medicinal properties of the South American plant called

JURUBEBA,

sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has made arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

Dr. WELL'S EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a BLOOD PURIFIER in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments. JOHN Q. KELLOGG,
Platt St. New York.

Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular. 35..4w

ESTABLISHED 1827!

THE OLD FRANKLIN PRESS.

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BOOK & JOB PRINTING
NEATYL EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

Building and Alphabet BLOCKS
FOR CHILDREN,
at the · · BOOKSTORE

Patterson & Co's Column
SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

An increasing trade has induced us to purchase a LARGER STOCK OF GOODS than usual, and to add to it many new attractions.. We have adopted as our rule in business:

"QUICK SALE and SHORT PROFITS,"

Hoping, by a frequent turn of our money, to realize the same profit that slow merchants expect from selling one or two purchases a year. Trusting in this way to reward ourselves, we give the benefit of short profits to our customers.

We believe that our accumulated stock will prove ample for the wants of our trade. If mistaken, we shall order from the most reliable business houses in the northern cities, until the needs of all our customers are supplied.

The decline in many articles of merchandise warrants us in promising

LOW PRICES.

DRY GOODS:

Prints of every style and price, DeLaines, Challies, Lawns, Linen Lawns, Piques, Alpacas, Gros Grain and Japanese Silks and other late styles of Dress Goods. Swiss Muslins, in large supply, Nainsook, Mull Muslin, Brilliants, &c. A very full assortment of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Drills, and Linen Goods.

For Gentlemen's Wear:—Elegant Black Doeskin, Fancy Cassimeres, Cottonades, Linen Duck, "Fries' Jeans," including a new and beautiful style of Tweeds now being manufactured. Also a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, both in Wool and Linen.

NOTIONS.

A larger stock than ever. Our line of Hosiery, Gloves, Veils, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, and Fancy Goods of all kinds cannot be excelled.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our splendid line of Corsets, seamless Kid Gloves, &c.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

BOOTS & SHOES

In this department, we have devoted much time and labor to the selection of Ladies' Fine Shoes. We believe that we can sell a better shoe for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We have every variety of Lace, Button and Congress Gaiters, and an excellent assortment of Morocco and other Leather Shoes.

For Gentlemen we have a full assortment of Boots and Shoes including the celebrated "Burt Gaiter." Also Misses, Boys' and Children's Shoes in good supply.

HATS.

A better assortment than we have ever kept. Fur, Wool, Silk und Straw suitable for old men, young men, plain men, fancy men, and all sorts of boys.

Drugs and Dyestuffs,

SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, QUEEN AND GLASSWARE, HOLLOWWARE, Iron, Nails, &c., in full supply and at low figures.

HARDWARE.

If you wish Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Mechanic's Tools, Farmer's Tools, and Agricultural Implements, Building Materials, Mill Saws, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, Cherry Seeders, Horse and Mule Shoes, &c., call upon us, and we will supply you.

GROCERIES.

We make a specialty of these Goods.
In Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices and like articles, we fear no Competition

OUR HOUSE shall remain "HEADQUARTERS" in the Groceryline.

We call particular attention to above partial enumeration of our stock.

We are agents for the Louderback & Smith's "Rustic Window Shades." They are cheap, convenient and durable, and are better than either the oiled or paper shades. They have had a large sale wherever introduced.

We shall strive earnestly to give satisfaction in all branches of our business, and hope that no customer will have to leave our house to make purchases elsewhere.

Feeling grateful for our past trade and hopeful for its increase in the future. we wish for our Farmers,—"the bone and sinew" of the land,—the most abundant crops, and for all classes good health and increased prosperity.

PATTERSON & CO.
Salem, N. C., April 14, 1871. 14-tf

THE TURBINE — THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL, — WATER WHEEL.

Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys
STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.
POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md.
SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

Sept. 9, 1870-35-1y.

JUST RECEIVED,

ANOTHER supply of Drugs, Medicines Dyestuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles &c., &c. at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
Post Office Building.

We do not RIDE AS FAST as our neighbor,
BUT WE COME WITH
NEW GOODS
EVERY WEEK

AT LOWER PRICES. **Calicoes at 6¼, 8 and 10 cents.** Fine and Neat **DRESS GOODS** cheaper than the cheapest.

J. L. FULKERSON,

GREAT DECLINE IN GROCERIES.

CALL and see BFST ASSORTMENT in this Market.

Sugar 10, Good Coffee 18, Good Molasses 40 cents.

March 10, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

THE FINEST, NEATEST, BEST and NEWEST STYLES SHOES for Ladies, Misses and Children, manufactured expressly for our Sales. w

Our best hand-made SHOES arean arranted superior in *Style and Quality* to y in this market. J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb. 17, 1871-7tf.

THREE FINE JEWELRY
SHOW CASES
and one Iron Safe,

For sale by J. L. FULKERSON.
7-tf.

LADIES' GENUINE **MALTESE COLLARS,** CLUNY and THREAD LACE & EDGINGS.

Feb. 3–5–tf. J. L. FULKERSON.

LOVERS OF TEA

WILL find the great THEA-NECTAR just what they want, or have their money refunded. Try it, it is cheap.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

MAHOGANY & ROSEWOOD grained TABLE OIL CLOTH. a beautiful article.

Come and see, for seeing is believing, and believing is to buy of J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb.3–5tf.

If you wish a superior article of
EXTRA GOLDEN SYRUP and
Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES,
Call on
J. L. FULKERSON.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE **Best Radiant Oil!**
112 fire test. We keep only the best.
Feb. 3–5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

To Coffee Drinkers:

TRY OUR FINE CEYLON 8 'OCLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Health and Strength.
CROOK'S WINE & TAR
Throat and Lungs.

For ten years Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has been tested and proved in thousands of cases, capable of curing all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing wonderful cures. Will you let prejudice prevent you from being cured also?

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of undoubted value. It rapidly restores exhausted strength, cleanses the Stomach, relaxes the Liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood. If you are afflicted in any way, we know the life-giving tonic properties of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, are what you need.

It cures all Coughs and Colds, and its many wonderful cures of Asthma and Bronchitis, have caused many to call it a specific for these complaints. Throat ailments require but a few doses. All suffering from Consumption or any Disease of the Lungs should remember that Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has cured many cases pronounced incurable.

The Weak and Debilitated should remember it renovates and invigorates the system, and is health-giving and appetite-restoring.

It also cures Liver and Kidney Complaints, and by its healthy action on the Stomach, removes Dyspepsia. Try one bottle. Take only Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists.

For Scrofula, Scrofulous Tumors, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Skin, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Fever, Scald Head, Ulcers, and old Sores, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root. It is combined with the best tonic preparations of iron known, and is the best Alterative and Blood Purifier made. Cleanse your blood. Try one Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

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May 12, 1871.-19-3m.

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Verses, by. H. H.
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IRON COG WHEELS, SHAFTING, BOXES BOLTS, &c. Enquire at this office.
Salem Nov. 15, 1870.

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Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S
SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR OF
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FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of **ALL THE TWELVE** valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

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For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

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THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

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is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
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NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
SPLENDID STOCK.

THE Undersigned has just received the most attractive stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered by him to the people of this and the surrounding counties, comprising

GROCERIES,
HATS FOR EVERYBODY,
THE LATEST STYLES OUT.
HOSIERY,
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fresh and new, and as cheap as the cheapest. *No one shall get ahead of me in*

LOW PRICES.

My friends will find my stock of Dry Goods and Notions, **STAPLE AND FANCY,** complete, and purchased after the late decline in prices at the North. I have a large supply of **Ladies' and Gentlemen's**

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and can furnish you with the latest make and style.

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The best quality Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hose of every size.

I would call especial attention to my carefully selected stock of

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which I offer at the lowest possible price for Cash or Barter.

I earnestly invite the attention of our country and town people to my varied assortment, and promise to make it their interest to purchase of me.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange for goods upon liberal terms.

Call and look over my stock, even if you do not wish to buy just now.

Mr. T. F. CRIST, well known to the people of this section, will be found at my establishment, and will be glad to see all his old friends and customers.

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.
Salem, N. C., April 28, 1871.-17-tf.

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PHYSICIANS will be supplied with reliable Medicines, promptly and at reasonable figures.

The undersigned is the only authorized agent for the sale in this market, of the justly celebrated

Liberty White Lead,

the best and most economical in use.

Call, examine goods, and ascertain prices.

J. F. SHAFFNER.

May 5, 1871.-18-tf.

VINEGAR BITTERS

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Ag'ts, San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce st., N. Y.

MILLIONS Bear Testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects. They are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of **Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors** doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, **free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.** They are the **GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE,** a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and of all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or at the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these **Bitters** have been most successful. **Such Diseases** are caused by **Vitiated Blood,** which is generally produced by derangement of the **Digestive Organs.**

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed or sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

Old prejudices are dying out. New facts are killing them. The idea that invalids, weakened by disease, can be relieved by prostrating them with destructive drugs, is no longer entertained except by monomaniacs. Ever since the introduction of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, it has been obvious that their regulating and invigorating properties are all-sufficient for the cure of chronic indigestion, rheumatism, constipation, diarrhœa, nervous affections and malarious fevers, and they are now the standard remedy for these complaints in every section of the Union.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., and 34 Commerce st., N. Y.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Ctains n ϙouUSR—NoLHUPSUGA o AR of LEAD—No LITHARGE—No NITRATE of SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums long sought for and found at last!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Grey, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. AS A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

Dr. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to PROCTER BROS., for a Treatise on the Human Hair.—The information it contains is worth $5.00 to any person.

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OUR stock of Miscellaneous Book is varied, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

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